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TEN

Delegates at Groot's Gathering.

It was a Frost

And the Nominee for Governor Declined

To Stand for the Position to Which He was Chosen.

Groot is the Logical Successor for the Position Declined by Dr. Reemelin on the Bolter's Ticket.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Columbus, Aug. 1.—The Groot brothers moving here yesterday was a most dismal failure as a political convention. There was a total absence of anything which usually goes to make up a convention. No crowd, no enthusiasm, no anything but a small bunch of small kickers.

The first session of the bolters who assembled under the call issued by Charles A. Groot, of Cleveland, to meet at the Great Southern hotel in this city on Wednesday, July 31, to plan a nomination a state ticket, was held in Groot's bed room yesterday afternoon. The entire number in attendance at the meeting, was ten including Otto Haber and J. W. Lindsey, who were a attendance at the Populist meeting held in Columbus on Wednesday.

Lindsey, while a delegate to the Populist meeting of Tuesday, is in reality a prohibitionist and was at the convention in the interest of Sam Jones, whom Lindsey wants to see run for governor again.

Groot called an meeting to order at 2:30, and acted as chairman of the meeting while Dr. A. L. Davis, of Findlay, performed the duties of secretary, and recorded the proceedings of the meeting.

Chairman Groot delivered a speech of considerable length and in return therefor was made permanent chairman of the convention, after which he delivered another speech. After some discussion as to the name for the party which these present were presumed to represent, the name of Progressive Democratic party was adopted, and the following ticket was nominated:

For governor, Dr. Rudolph H. Reemelin, of Hamilton; lieutenant governor, Henry C. Corbrey, of Wood; supreme judge, Rial M. Smith, of Summit; state treasurer, J. C. Sheppard, of Gallia; attorney general, S. L. Clark, of Mahoning; clerk of supreme court, Charles Russell, of Columbiana; member board of public works, Dr. R. H. Connel, of Franklin county. The platform adopted reaffirms the Kansas City platform, gives a renewed expression of faith in the leadership of William Jennings Bryan, denounces trusts, the money trust being characterized as the parent of all trusts, declares in favor of the principle that the flag follows the constitution, denounces the recent decision of the supreme court in the insular cases, demands the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, and pronounces in favor of public ownership of public utilities.

Dr. Reemelin has declined to accept the nomination thrust upon him, and the mantle will probably fall upon Mr. Groot.

The whole movement bears so many marks of General Dick, that it has been recognized on all sides as simply a Republican side show, designed to assist the Republican party in its campaign this fall. The utter failure of the meeting, however, has condemned the movement as a possible factor in the political fight.

TWO CANDIDATES

Named by Groot Refuse to Run—Not in Sympathy With Dick's Scheme.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Cleveland, Aug. 1.—Word was received here by the Groot wing of Democracy that Dr. Rudolph Reemelin, nominated by the Grootites, for governor, and S. L. Clay, of Youngstown, nominated for Attorney General, have declined to run, "because they are not in sympathy with the movement."

"WILD MAN"

Was the Invention of Crowd of Berry Pickers.

They Found a Patch of Blackberries and Wanted to Keep Others Away from the Place.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Bureau, O., Aug. 1.—Newspapers of the state have been full of stories about a "wildman" terrorizing the community. It was a scheme of berry pickers who had found a nice patch of black berries and rigged up a wild man to keep others away. Since a posse has been on the trail of the alleged wild man, he has kept under cover.

HEAVY LOSS

Follow the Work of the Flames.

Fish Brothers Wagon Works Destroyed.

The Plant was One of the Largest in the Country. The Loss Will Reach Fifty Thousand Dollars.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Racine, Wis., Aug. 1.—The fire which started at 1 o'clock this morning in Fish Bros. wagon factory, one of the largest plants of its kind in the country, spread rapidly and the whole plant will go. Flames have spread to the large lumber yard adjacent. The loss will be very heavy.

STREET CARS

At Knoxville, Tenn., are All Tied Up Today.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 1.—Knoxville is having its first street car strike. Not a car was running this morning and county and city officials are guarding the property of the company.

COLLAPSE

Of the Big Wharf Resulted in Many Deaths.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Tampico, Mexico, Aug. 1.—At least 17 men and five women met death in the collapse of the big terminal wharf of the Monterey and Mexico Gulf railroad here. The bodies of eight men and four women have been recovered. They were crushed to death by the falling of thousands of tons of coal, and coke upon them.

THOUSANDS

Who were Disappointed Have Gone Home.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Elmore, O. T., Aug. 1.—Contrary to all expectations the fourth and probably the last day of the drawing has passed without disorder and the disappointed ones are now quietly leaving for their homes. Of those who drew no prizes, 140,000 in all, all will have their names taken from the lottery box and published at the government's expense. The government expects to prove in this way that the drawing was square.

RACE IS ON

Between the Columbia and Independence.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Newport, Aug. 1.—The race is now on between the Columbia and the Independence. They crossed the line at 11:40, almost together, then the Columbia forged ahead and is still leading. The race is a triangular 30 miles. A bulletin just issued, says that the Columbia won from Independence by two minutes.

TOOK

From Steel Trust Plant

A Score of Men

Who Had Joined Union and Struck

And Put Them to Work in an Independent Plant.

Youngstown Vice President of the Amalgamated Teaches Trust Magnates Some New Curves.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. CLEVELAND, AUG. 1.—JOHN F. WARD, OF YOUNGSTOWN, DISTRICT VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE AMALGAMATED ASSOCIATION HAS DEFIED THE STEEL TRUST IN A NEW WAY. HE NOT ONLY ORGANIZED FOUR MILLS BELONGING TO ONE OF THE TRUST PLANTS HERE BUT WHEN THE NEWLY UNIONIZED MEN STRUCK HE TOOK A SCORE OR MORE OF THEM HOME WITH HIM TO WORK IN AN INDEPENDENT PLANT.

PHILLIPS,

Corn King, Seems to Have Met His Waterloo.

Admits That His Affairs are Somewhat "Muddled"—Has Transferred His Options.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Chicago, Aug. 1.—George H. Phillips, the grain speculator, has transferred his options to McReynolds & Co., through his attorney, J. P. Goodwin. It is said that Phillips had up \$75,000 margins and that he was long on one million bushels of oats, 1,600,000 of corn and 400,000 of wheat. Phillips declined to say whether his firm was still solvent but admitted that his affairs were somewhat "muddled."

The following was issued to customers by the Phillips Co. today: "The first of this week grave irregularities were suspected in our books and expert accountants were put to work and are still engaged in checking with the result that our suspicions are confirmed, but to what extent we cannot say for a few days. Our books show the company to be perfectly solvent, but after very earnest deliberation we have decided to close out every open trade as being the fairest and best course to pursue." The firm will continue business and all claims will be paid. No extension is asked from creditors.

TEDDY

Will Deliver an Address Tomorrow.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Colorado Springs, Colo., Aug. 1.—The twenty-fifth anniversary of the celebration of Colorado's statehood began here today. Tomorrow morning, vice-president Roosevelt will make an address.

IT IS CLAIMED

That Facts Will be Considered in the Trial.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Washington, Aug. 1.—Acting secretary Hackett, of the navy replying to Schley's letter of protest says the precept treats certain matters of the Santiago fight as facts, that Schley's disobedience of orders was a fact and the fact as stated must stand in the precept despite Schley's protest.

LOADED

Bomb Found in the Residence of Emile Zola.

The French Dramatist Who Gained Notoriety in Connection With the Dreyfus Affair.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Paris, Aug. 1.—A bomb was found last night in the residence of Emile Zola, the French dramatist, who gained notoriety by his connection with the famous Dreyfus affair. The bomb contained charcoal, 14 loaded cartridges and a wick. M. Zola is at present at Medan, twenty-five miles of here.

HEAVENS

Being Bombarded for a Rainfall.

Vibration Theory Being Tested in Nebraska.

Twenty-four Mortars Posted on a Twenty-mile Tract Outside of Lincoln Fired at Minute Intervals.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 1.—Four miles northeast of the city Wednesday night 24 mortars, posted on a 20-mile tract, were fired at minute intervals in the hope that the result will be a downfall of rain. W. F. Wright, former deputy state food commissioner, is the promoter and manager of the enterprise. Mr. Wright believes in the special vibration theory of rainmaking and for several years has unsuccessfully espoused a legislative appropriation to put his theory into practice. Mr. Wright says he will continue the bombardment until rain comes or he has exhausted his supply of several thousand pounds of gunpowder.

CUBAN

Election Measure is Discussed

By the Seniors

Of the Constitutional Convention.

Senior Sanguilly Protested Against the Adoption of the Report.

Article Defining Eligibility of Candidates for Office May be Altered in Favor of the Spaniards.

Havana, Aug. 1.—After a lively debate the Cuban constitutional convention adopted the election bill submitted by the commission as a whole. Discussion of the various articles will now begin.

Senior Sanguilly caused a commotion by protesting against accepting the project on the ground that the convention could not assume the authority therein provided of establishing the new government and settling disputes arising out of the first election held under the auspices of the new government. Senior Diego Tamayo said the order convening the convention provided distinctly that the convention should make arrangements for the turning over of the government. He argued also that it was quite natural for the convention to act as a high court in election cases.

The question, however, was not raised among the delegates as a whole. Several expressed the opinion that the last would not be finally adopted until the return of General Wood. The convention is inclined to change several articles. For instance, the article defining the eligibility of candidates to office will be made to read clearly that Spaniards who did not subscribe to it shall be placed in the same category as native Cubans.

Live Stock Market.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Chicago, Aug. 1.—Cattle 15,000, steady, 15 cents lower; hogs 24,000, 5 cents higher; sheep 15,000, strong.

FAST

Train Held Up by Robbers.

The Wrong Car

Was Dynamited by the Miscreants

Who Did Not Get Much for Their Trouble and Effort.

About \$50,000 in Money was in the Adjoining Car, Which was the One They Intended to Rob.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—The Baltimore and Ohio passenger train from the east, which was due to arrive in the Grand Central depot, Chicago at 9 p. m., was held up by five masked men between Edgemoor and Grand Calumet Heights, Ind., 31 miles east of Chicago.

The storage mail car, which contained no money, was dynamited and wrecked. The attempt at robbery was made after the two mail cars had been detached from the train and run a quarter of a mile ahead. The failure of the robbers to make a rich haul was due to the fact that the express car, which contained the train's treasury, was in an unusual place. It was the third car in the train.

After wrecking the mail car and obtaining no booty, the robbers disappeared in the darkness without attempting to rectify their mistake. The only loot they carried away with them was the engineer's gold watch.

The train was the New York and Washington vestibule limited. Most of the trainmen were shot at and had narrow escapes from the bullets. No person was injured either by dynamite or firearms. The place where the robbery occurred is a lonely district in which few people live and houses are far apart. No better place for a train robbery could be found.

When the train passed Calumet Heights it was running at a high rate of speed, and immediately after passing out of sight of the station, En. C. Collins saw directly in front of his engine a large fire, on which some rails had been placed. He slowed down, and as he did so three men, wearing masks over their faces, jumped into the cab and covered Collins and his fireman, James Whipple, with revolvers.

Just before climbing into the cab the three men commenced to fire with their revolvers to frighten away all assistance. The shots produced the liveliest kind of a panic in the sleeping cars, where the passengers made every effort to hide their money and valuables before the robbers could get at them. No attempt was made, however, to rob any of the passengers. The fusillade had the effect of making them keep inside the cars.

F. A. Applegate of Newark, O., was the express messenger, and was alone in his car. He had no idea that a robbery was being attempted until he heard the shooting on the outside. He then seized a rifle and climbed on top of the safe, determined to make the best fight in his power. He was not molested in any way, however. He said there was considerable gold and silver in the car and that the robbers might have secured a rich booty if they had come to the right place.

Local express officers refused to say how much money there was in the car, but it is thought to have been about \$50,000 and that the robbers knew about it.

SCHLEY'S

Petition to Secretary Long was Turned Down.

Refuses to Modify Language of the Precept Which Contains the Word Disobedience.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Washington, Aug. 1.—The navy department has decided not to change the language of precept constituting the Schley Court of Inquiry and has so informed Admiral Schley. The latter's communication to Secretary Long, objecting to the use of the word "disobedience" and the reply thereto, explaining why the department cannot make the alteration will probably be given to the press late this afternoon.

OFFICIAL

Report of the Defeat of the Venezuelan Rebels.

Revolution is Said to Have Lasted Only 24 Hours, Rebel Force Being Annihilated.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Washington, Aug. 1.—Official advices from Venezuela reports this morning that the revolution only lasted twenty-four hours and resulted in the defeat of the insurgents by President Castro's army of ten thousand troops who annihilated Galvire's army. It is however, considered strange that news of the battle of such importance could reach this country so quickly.

TRAIN LOAD

Of Detectives are After the Robbers

Who Held Up the B. & O. Fast Train.

Railroad Company Offers a Small Reward for the Arrest of the Perpetrators of the Hold-up.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Chicago, Aug. 1.—A train load of detectives left Chicago at midnight to hunt down the four desperadoes who held up the B. & O. fast mail train near Calumet Heights, Indiana, last night. The detectives are searching every bit of woodland and prairie within a radius of 25 miles of the scene and expect before many hours to capture one or more of the robbers. A hundred dollars reward is offered by the railroad company.

Three men are under arrest at Millers Station, Ind., and four men are held at Albion, Ind. The men at Millers Station were captured in the woods and the account they give of their whereabouts for twenty-four hours preceding the attempted robbery is conflicting. When officers appeared they jumped to their feet, turned and broke into the woods, but were caught. They give names as Edward McCoy, John Becker and Albert Israson.

SECRET

Societies Maintained by Filipinos

Are Similar to That of the Boxers in China.

Object is to Carry on Warfare Against the United States at Any Cost—Crimes and Treachery Rampant.

Washington, Aug. 1.—The war department has received word from the Philippines records of numerous cases of court-martial of natives for murder, robbery, kidnapping and other crimes. Two cases of treachery and violation of the rules of war are reported. One is that of Placido Cuchapin, who was installed as president of the pueblo of Moncada, Tarlac, and who, while in this office, aided and abetted the natives. He was sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment. Nicholas Valenton, who was vice president and lieutenant of police at the same place, was also found guilty on a similar charge and sentenced to 10 years. It appears from facts brought out in different trials that there are secret societies among the natives who are pledged to all manner of crimes for the purpose of carrying on the warfare against the United States.

CALLED DOCTOR

When She Knew She Had Taken Smallpox.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Columbus, Aug. 1.—Mrs. Israel Deer, a Christian Science doctor at Urbana, ceased having faith and called in a physician when she became seriously ill with small pox. She contracted the disease in an attempt to cure a neighbor's family of small pox.

WHOLE

Day was Devoted to Conference

But the Strike

Was Unsettled When the Sun Set.

Trust Officials Said to be Satisfied With the Situation.

Spotters Kept on the Trail of President Schaffer and Others of the Amalgamated Association.

Pittsburg, Aug. 1.—The steel workers' strike against the United States Steel corporation was still unsettled and status of the contest unchanged when the conference of members of the general executive board of the Amalgamated Association adjourned at 6 p. m. Wednesday until 10 o'clock today. It was after 11 o'clock when the committee met. President Schaffer was called to a secret conference with some one, supposed to be a representative of the United States steel corporation, during the early morning. After the meeting began its formal proceedings the discussion was apparently lifeless. At noon the officials adjourned for lunch and shortly after 2 o'clock the conference was resumed. President Schaffer was called repeatedly to the telephone and talked long and earnestly with some one at the other end of the line. Recess was taken at frequent intervals, showing that much of the meeting was devoted to killing time during the absence of the officials, who were on mysterious missions. Joseph Bishop, the secretary of the Ohio board of arbitration, was present at the discussion. He left the headquarters late in the afternoon without making any statement.

At 4 p. m. President Schaffer and Vice President David Reese went to the Carnegie building, where they had a conversation with Joseph E. Schwab and Veryl Preston, who spent most of the day in the Carnegie offices. Within an hour the two Amalgamated officials returned to the general offices of the association, and another hour was spent in the conference room, after which the meeting adjourned.

About the entrance of the headquarters building, on Seventh avenue, groups of men were gathered all afternoon. Some were members of the Amalgamated Association who were on strike and interested in the proceedings. Others were private detectives, who watched every move made by President Schaffer and other leaders of the Amalgamated Association seemed to be closely watched during the day. Whose interests were thus being guarded could only be surmised, but the Amalgamated Association men firmly believe that the watchers were in the employ of the manufacturers. President Schaffer said he knew of no reason for his movements being watched.

A number of striking steel workers from the Pittsburg mills of the American Steel Hoop company were among the watchers about the headquarters. One who claimed to be among the old members of the Amalgamated Association, and who has passed through no less than four great strikes, said he hoped the strike would not be settled on the terms offered. He wanted the issue fought to a finish now. He said there was no use in temporizing in this matter, and if the settlement was made now it would only mean that it would have to be fought all over again. While this striker spoke unofficially, he seemed well posted on the situation and gave what appeared to be the best evidence of the reason for holding up the settlement.

Confidence was felt in some circles that the strike would eventually be settled on the propositions made by Mr. Morgan. Officials of the steel companies who have been acting for the United States Steel corporation in this matter were apparently hopeful and lighthearted. The delays in the settlement were fully understood by the Morgan representatives, and while all maintained silence regarding the matter they were not able to conceal their satisfaction over the way things were going.

Grain Market.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Chicago, Aug. 1.—Closing September wheat 69; corn 88; oats 34; pork 14.40.

The Weather
Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Washington, Aug. 1.—Ohio, fair to night, with warmer in western portion; Friday, fair and slightly warmer.

AMALGAMATING UNIVERSITY

Harvard's New Club Open to All Students and Graduates.

When the undergraduates return to Cambridge next fall, they will find the new Harvard union, the social club in which many of them are already members, in full operation, and persons who follow the problems that beset the great American universities with their thousands of students will be interested to see how the new institution will carry out its purpose of bringing students, professors and alumni into closer social relations. The clubhouse was opened on commencement day, when Vice President Roosevelt made a special explaining his purpose, but at that date the majority of the undergraduates had left town, so that the handsome interior will be a novelty to most of those who return to Harvard next year.

The union stands near the college "yard" its appointments compare favorably with those of the best club-houses in the country. It is a pleasant, modern building, not luxurious, but every where convenient, comfortable and commodious, and the dues are so low that every student may, and it is hoped will, become a member. It includes libraries, reading rooms, a great reception room, a billiard and pool room, a grill-room and the other conveniences of a established club life. When it is added that the club includes also the graduates of the college and that it is expected that a majority of the alumni will join on its membership roll, it will be seen that it bids fair to be one of the largest clubs in the world.

The union is a natural outcome of the growth of the university and is largely an effort to make members of widely separated departments, such as the Law school in Cambridge and the Medical school in Boston, realize more fully that they are members of the same university as well as to promote comradeship in the college itself. One very interesting feature of the new building is that arrangements have been made in the planning of the great reception hall to have added from time to time tablets recording the life work of Harvard men who have made a place for themselves in American history.

SUEMARINE SIGNAL SYSTEM.

Company Obtains Rights to Test Gray Invention off Boston Harbor.

The United States government has granted a special permit to the Submarine Signal company of Boston to erect a cable line on Egg Rock, says a Lynn (Mass.) dispatch to the New York Evening Sun. This is the first step in the plan of the company, which proposes to establish a system of submarine signaling by which vessels bound into Boston harbor may determine their precise position when 10 or 12 miles offshore and thus escape the danger of approaching too near the dangerous shoals and ledges at the entrance of Boston harbor. A permit has also been obtained by the company to erect a similar house on Minot's ledge. Should the system prove as successful as the company hopes a series of stations will be located at intervals of about ten miles along the entire Atlantic coast of the United States.

This system is the invention of Arthur J. Mundy, a Boston electrician, and was perfected by the late Professor or Elmer Gray. Bells are submerged 10 or 12 miles apart and operated electrically from the shore. Power is furnished by a small dynamo driven by a gasoline engine located in the cable house, the current being transmitted to the bells by cables. Vessels are fitted with receivers or sound collectors, attached to their sides, that can catch the sound of the bells at a distance of 10 or 12 miles. If the system is extended, the bells will each ring a different number, and their positions will be charted so that navigators can pick out their position in the chart to within a ship's length.

The company hopes that after a trial the invention will be purchased by the United States government. Work on the Egg Rock station will be started early in August. It will cost about \$2,500.

THE RAILWAY A CIVILIZER.

It Teaches Natives in Africa to Work and to Wear Clothes.

It is scarcely necessary to point out how the Uganda railway will completely revolutionize the western part of Africa and the effect the iron horse will have on the many tribes living along the route, says The Engineering Magazine. Sir Harry Johnston, his majesty's special commissioner, graphically refers to this when he says: "The railway has taught the negro the value of honest work. It has saved thousands from death by famine. To the hungry people of east Africa, dying from the result of three years' drought, the railway has brought food and shelter, and no sign of the times was to me more encouraging than to see Masai—actual Masai—who a year ago would have scorned any other occupation than cattle tending, cattle raiding and the slaughter of other negro tribes, working as natives on the railway line, decently clad for the first time in their lives."

Great Britain's Fate.

The two most powerful forces in the new century will be Russia and the North American republic, and to a great extent the fate of the English empire will depend on what these countries do or do not do, says the French Algemeine Zeitung. Of those two colossal empires the American republic occupies a favored position. It is like a mighty island, and as such it will be almost beyond attack from the day when it shall have a navy that can cope with the vessels of England, and that day is sure to come in the near future.

BEAD CHAINS.

Fashion in Vogue in London Now Expected to Attack New York.

The bead chain has not yet reached in New York the same vogue that it has enjoyed for the past six months in London, but the craze seems likely to be seen there before next winter. Already there are few girls, according to the New York Sun, who have not chains to match particular costumes, and the summer piazza leisure has given a decided impetus to the fad.

As it is, the beads have been imported by the dealers in nearly every conceivable shade. They come in warm tints of terra cotta, and there are bright yellows as well as the more usual blues. It must be a strange shade that cannot be found in these beads.

The chain should usually fall in front nearly to the knee, and the ends are fastened always with some elaborate clasp or other ornamentation. The Japanese and other oriental stores have imported painted and fancy beads in varied colors and designs, and the strand is punctuated with these at different points. They come now in solid colors and also in dull colored carved woods that alternate effectively with the colors of the beads that make up most of the chain. The chains are used mainly to support a long earring or locket and are generally intended only for ornament.

They are not likely to remain a fashion permanently, as they are simple enough to be made without difficulty and the materials are cheap. The only thing needed to make them well is a certain neatness in stringing the beads. A pretty combination seen the other day was of rather vivid blue beads or named at five points in the string by bright yellow beads a little larger than the others. These yellow beads were strung on each side of a long oval black bead on which were painted flowers in a Dresden pattern. Dark brown beads made up with a bright carmine are very ornamental to a dark brown dress.

The chains are always to be limited to house wear, and only the informality of country life excuses them in the open air.

DENTAL SURGEONS IN ARMY.

Uncle Sam Is Interested in Soldiers Having Good Teeth.

The medical department of the army is rapidly completing the work of equipping the service with a competent force of dental surgeons, and it is expected that by fall the tooth doctors will all be in readiness to repair the molars of Uncle Sam's soldiery, says a special from Washington to the Kansas City Times. Some of them have already been appointed and assigned to different posts in the service, and the materials and implements of their craft are being sent to them as rapidly as it is possible to do so. The appointment of a staff of dentists is a new departure in the United States army and one which will be heartily welcomed by all of the men who wear the blue uniform.

Army officers have for a number of years seen the necessity of having dental surgeons in the service and have repeatedly advocated the employment of men of this profession. They have shown them the need of dentists, especially in remote posts far from any city or town, where the services of a dental surgeon could not be readily secured when desired. In such cases it has been necessary to employ the regular physicians and the hospital stewards, who have had some training in dental surgery as an adjunct to the study of medicine. Not infrequently the men have been forced to call upon the itinerant dentists who make a good business traveling from one small town to another in the west and occasionally locate for a time in the neighborhood of the army posts.

Under the recent army reorganization bill provision was made for the employment of 20 dental surgeons in the service. This was done in keeping with the general policy of the government for the improvement of the army and to insure every possible advantage for the health and comfort of the fighting men of the nation.

THE NEW THEOLOGY.

Book of Genesis Compared to Tenneyson's "Idylls of the King."

In our judgment the book of Genesis is a collection of ancient traditions, some of them certainly not of Hebrew origin, which were rewritten by an unknown prophet for the purpose of imparting to them a spiritual significance and making them the vehicle of a spiritual lesson, says The Outlook. The relation of Genesis to these ancient historic traditions is somewhat analogous to the relation of Tenneyson's "Idylls of the King" to the ancient Arthurian legends of English history.

If a professor of English literature were teaching a class of young pupils, he would spend very little time, probably none at all, in considering their relation to the ancient legendary material of which the poem made use. If a pupil asked him, "Are these idylls founded on fact?" he would reply, "They are founded on legend, and how much of fact there is in the legend we cannot now tell." He would then return to the poems themselves to point out their beauty of diction and their ethical and spiritual significance. This is the course which we should advise any teacher of Genesis to pursue.

New Species of Kangaroo.

A miniature kangaroo has been discovered in the far west. It strides around like a kangaroo, making great jumps on its hind legs, which are long and powerful. It also has a surprising long tail, which adds to its resemblance to the marsupial after which it is named.

Your Liver

Will be ruined by its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

AN EASTERN TRIP

On Excursion Tickets Over the Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to New York may be obtained at principal ticket office of the Pennsylvania lines, good going and returning over the Pennsylvania lines—or going via Pennsylvania lines and returning via the other direct lines from New York, including the routes via Buffalo, with privilege of stop-over at that point to take in the Pan-American Exposition and Niagara Falls, or returning via Washington, D. C., with stop-over at that point. Full information will be furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to ticket agents of the Pennsylvania lines.

If You Have Headache don't experiment with alleged cures. Buy Krause's Headache Capsules which will cure any headache in half an hour, no matter what causes it. Price 25c. Sold by Wm. M. Melville.

TRADE SCHOOLS IN INDIA.

Young American Engineer Has Been Chosen to Establish Them.

D. C. Churchill, who recently sailed for India on the Manihon, has been engaged by the British government, in union with private philanthropy, to establish and develop a model system of trade schools at Ahmednagar, a town about 175 miles inland from Bombay. He will also build a system of irrigation throughout that part of India.

The office was the gift of Dr. Home, a missionary of the Congregational church, now in India. This is the first time a place of importance has been offered by missionaries in that country to one who was not a clergyman. The trade schools will, in a way, be governmental institutions and un denominational in character.

Mr. Churchill is a civil engineer, a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and has been employed in the Westinghouse Machine company at Pittsburg. He is a young man, still in his twenties. His brother is Professor Churchill, head of the art department of the Teachers' college.

"Missionaries have begun to realize," Mr. Churchill said the other day, "that more practical knowledge and less Bible study is what is needed by the natives of India. It is only since they have arrived at this conclusion that the British government has taken the slightest interest in their work. So far the natives are entirely dependent on the fruit crops for support. When the crops fail, the people starve or rely on the government for food. The missionaries are now endeavoring to teach the people trades which will make them independent of the crops. Dr. Home has induced the government to provide one-half the salary of every teacher in the school, my own among the number. This will enable us to secure the best instructors to be had."

"Just what trades will be taught is largely a question as yet. There is a rug factory at Ahmednagar, and this will be incorporated in the new school. A branch we will teach at once is the making of wagon wheels. Those used at present in that country are heavier than the wheels of the English bus. Our idea is to establish splendid schools and instruction which will serve as models for others that will be built in the surrounding towns."

With Mr. Churchill sailed Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Nee. Mr. Nee is an expert agriculturist. He will aid the engineer in the construction of the best systems of irrigation for the country.

ANY advertised dealer is authorized to guarantee Banner Salve for

scalds, burns, ulcers and any open or old sore.

H. F. Vorkamp, cor Main and North streets.

Statistical.

Ferdy—How much does it cost per mile to run your auto?

Algy—Well, it costs about a cent a mile to run it, and about \$10 a mile to repair it.—Puck.

Thos. W. Carter of Ashboro, N. C., had kidney trouble and one bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure effected a perfect cure, and he says there is no remedy that will compare with it.

H. F. Vorkamp, cor Main and North streets.

Further Particulars of the Hot Spell.

Perspiring passenger—May I read that magazine of yours a little while?

The other perspiring passenger—I am going to read it myself in a moment.

P. P.—Yes, sir. May I look at your paper, then?

The other P. P.—Don't you see I'm reading it myself?—Chicago Tribune.

Her Little Scheme.

"I hear that Miss Oldtime refused Skinner, and now is encouraging him again?"

"Yes," he was her first offer."

MIND OF MONKEYS.

Professor Thorndike of Columbia University Says It Resembles Man's.

Monkeys, their characteristics and their impulses were told of by Professor Edward Lee Thorndike of the Teachers' college, Columbia university, in his lecture on "The Mental Life of Monkeys," before the Columbia summer session in Schermerhorn hall the other afternoon, says the New York Herald.

Professor Thorndike said that he kept one monkey in his home in New York city for more than a year and two other monkeys for about four months. He studied them thoroughly and asserted that in a way the mind of a monkey resembles the mind of a man in that monkeys, like men, pursue the method of learning by selecting impulses and associating them with impressions.

Though there is a wide practical difference between the minds of monkeys and those of men, the professor said, he expressed a belief that if monkeys had the same chance for advancement as men some of them might have as good minds, and he added that monkeys have earned the right to be placed in the same mental class with men.

"The monkeys that I studied were South American monkeys of the genus Cebus," continued Professor Thorndike. "I used all sorts of contrivances to test their intelligence. One of my tests was to place a looped string on a wire nail and have monkey No. 1 pull it off. Although this monkey succeeded very well and was watched by monkey No. 2 for many months, the latter was never able to pull the string off the nail. This shows that the sense of observation in monkeys is very weak."

"While a monkey cannot be compared to a child or a person of intelligence, it can be compared to an infant. I taught the three monkeys that I had to unwind wires, to operate levers and to do other things of a similar nature. After many experiments I came to the conclusion that monkeys have very little ability to learn from human beings. They are taught mainly by means of the power of sense."

Professor Thorndike said that human beings are governed by much the same impulses that govern cats and dogs—there is a general tendency in all to select the situations which are the most comfortable. According to the professor, monkeys rely more upon the power of vision than they do upon the power of smell.

"Like man, they have the power of clear vision," he said. "A monkey will notice a hair on your hand six feet away. In this way he resembles man."

SOCIETY WOMAN A TOILER.

Wentley Mrs. Silliman Trains Milkmaid and Is Making Her Own Butter.

Vineland, N. J., boasts of a new woman milkmaid, who conducts a large dairy farm and milk route, says the New York Journal. She is Mrs. Annie E. Silliman, a formerly young society woman from Washington, and her own fortune, with that of her husband, who spends nearly all of his time in business in Philadelphia, to which city he journeys daily from Vineland, would enable her to live like an heiress instead of peddling milk from door to door, as she does on her milk route, often long before daylight.

But Mrs. Silliman, who is about 30 years of age, does it for a fad. She says she got tired of the social gaiety and wanted to live a rural life. She induced her husband to purchase a fine farm on the corner of Wheat road and East avenue, near Vineland, and started in to make it pay, her motto, she says, being "Success."

Mrs. Silliman's home is fitted up like that of a millionaire. She is very prepossessing, of a literary turn of mind, a good pianist and has all the accomplishments of a lady of society. She has traveled considerably and is a fine conversationalist. Mrs. Silliman serves milk to nearly all the "smart set" of Vineland.

The Village Rubbersmith.

Under a spreading blacksmith sign The village blacksmith sat:

He heard the chug-chug and said: "Where is my business at?"

The road is full of broken things And bikes and such as that."

The smith was deeply in the dumps; And, that was plain to see:

His wife winked a knowing wink Up at the chug-chug too;

And then he said, "These horseless things Have put a crimp on me."

And through his grin and curly hair His enemy had to run;

Saying, "I'll get some different tools; As well as any man."

I'll mend a punctured rubber tire; I'll change what'er I can."

Week in, week out, from morn till night His bellows blows no fire;

Instead it feeds a rubber tube That blows up rubber tires.

He has a use of gasoline, And cement, pipes and wires.

And children coming home from school Rubber in the open door;

They rubber in the rubber tube A-rubbing round the door.

They rubber at the rubbersmith, Who rubbers tires that time.

He can't go, Sunday, to the church, For that's his busy day;

Some city chauffeurs in the lurch, And here to work—and pay.

The chauffeur buys some gasoline And chug-chugs on his way.

But never mind; his daughter's there, For that's his busy day;

Some city chauffeurs on each hand, For chauffeurs' boys are gay.

And dad is buying land, Repairing and pumping and mending,

Unwinding through life he goes, Each evening sees it close.

Somebody mended, somebody done, Put money in his clothes.

Thanks, thanks to thee, my worthy friend; On the lawn I'll meditate.

All most at times get different tools; This world will never wait.

We would live the strenuous life, We must keep up to date.

—New York Sun.

SEARCHING THE LOGS.

Schley's Counsel Gathering Facts to Present to the Court.

Washington, Aug. 1.—Captain James Parker, the ex-naval officer who is acting as Admiral Schley's assistant counsel, continued his examination of the logs of the ships engaged in the Santiago campaign and other official records pertaining thereto. He occupied Secretary Long's office adjoining the bureau of navigation and by direction of Admiral Crowsfield, chief of that bureau, who is now acting secretary of the navy, newspaper men and others were not permitted to communicate with him. One of the officers of the bureau remained constantly in the room to see that the official records were not tampered with. Admiral Schley's letter to the department, together with the reply thereto, as soon as the latter is prepared, will be made public.

Stock Broker Adjudged Bankrupt. New York, Aug. 1.—Charles W. Morgan, a stock broker who did business as C. W. Morgan & Company in New York, Philadelphia and Washington, has been adjudged bankrupt at the instance of various creditors. Last December Morgan made a general assignment for the benefit of his creditors. The schedules filed by the assignee show liabilities of over \$214,000 and assets of not quite \$12,000.

Strike Against Anchor Line. Detroit, Aug. 1.—Secretary Harry Barker of the International Longshoremen's union has ordered a strike to affect the boats of the Anchor line in all ports. The Anchor line refused to concede the demands made by the longshoremen at their meeting held in Toledo.

Lorillard's Colors Registered. New York, Aug. 1.—It was announced that the Lorillard colors have been registered at the Jersey club under the name of L. B. Ranococas, presumably by his ally, to whom Pierre Lorillard bequeathed his horses and the Ranococas stock farm.

Chinese Edicts Only Bluffs. Shanghai, Aug. 1.—The North China Daily News declares that the reactionaries have no intention of allowing the court to return to Peking, that the imperial edicts on this subject are mere bluffs, and that the Peking officials are leaving for Sian Fu.

Treasury Statement. Washington, Aug. 1.—Statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of \$150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption: Available cash balances, \$176,029,151; gold, \$92,480,150.

Gray Not Guilty. New York, Aug. 1.—William Lewis Gray, the Fosburg murder suspect, was liberated. Captain of Detectives Titus decided that he is innocent of any connection with the crime.

All to Be Promoted. Berlin, Aug. 1.—Emperor William has ordered that all the German soldiers who were in Peking during the siege are to be promoted to the rank of noncommissioned officers.

Rochester Firm Fails. Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 1.—The firm of Hardin & Sons has assigned. Liabilities \$100,000; assets not stated.

Earthquakes in Italy. Rome, Aug. 1.—Earthquakes were general Wednesday throughout southern Italy.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices for July 31.

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Good to choice dry steers, 1.200 lbs. and upwards, \$5.00 to 5.10; good to choice dry heifers, 1.000 to 1.100 lbs., \$4.50 to 4.60; green half fat, 900 to 1,000 lbs., \$3.75 to 3.85; good to choice heifers, \$3.50 to 3.60; fat to good, \$3.40 to 3.50; cows, common to choice, \$2.50 to 3.00; bulls, good to choice, \$2.00 to 2.50; calves to best, \$2.00 to 2.50; sheep and lambs—Good to choice western sheep, \$3.50 to 3.60; fat to good, \$3.40 to 3.50; mixed sheep, \$3.40 to 3.50; cuts and combs, \$2.50 to 3.00; good to choice, \$2.00 to 2.50; hogs—Yorks, \$5.80; medium and heavies, \$5.50.

CHICAGO—Cattle: Good to prime steers, \$5.00 to 5.10; good to choice, \$4.50 to 4.60; mixed, \$4.00 to 4.10; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to 3.60; cows, \$3.50 to 3.60; heifers, \$3.50 to 3.60; bulls, \$3.50 to 3.60; calves, \$3.50 to 3.60; sheep and lambs—Good to choice western sheep, \$3.50 to 3.60; fat to good, \$3.40 to 3.50; mixed sheep, \$3.40 to 3.50; cuts and combs, \$2.50 to 3.00; good to choice, \$2.00 to 2.50; hogs—Yorks, \$5.80; medium and heavies, \$5.50.

ST. LOUIS—Cattle: Good to prime steers, \$5.00 to 5.10; good to choice, \$4.50 to 4.60; mixed, \$4.00 to 4.10; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to 3.60; cows, \$3.50 to 3.60; heifers, \$3.50 to 3.60; bulls, \$3.50 to 3.60; calves, \$3.50 to 3.60; sheep and lambs—Good to choice western sheep, \$3.50 to 3.60; fat to good, \$3.40 to 3.50; mixed sheep, \$3.40 to 3.50; cuts and combs, \$2.50 to 3.00; good to choice, \$2.00 to 2.50; hogs—Yorks, \$5.80; medium and heavies, \$5.50.

NEW YORK—Cattle: Good to prime steers, \$5.00 to 5.10; good to choice, \$4.50 to 4.60; mixed, \$4.00 to 4.10; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to 3.60; cows, \$3.50 to 3.60; heifers, \$3.50 to 3.60; bulls, \$3.50 to 3.60; calves, \$3.50 to 3.60; sheep and lambs—Good to choice western sheep, \$3.50 to 3.60; fat to good, \$3.40 to 3.50; mixed sheep, \$3.40 to 3.50; cuts and combs, \$2.50 to 3.00; good to choice, \$2.00 to 2.50; hogs—Yorks, \$5.80; medium and heavies, \$5.50.

PHILADELPHIA—Cattle: Good to prime steers, \$5.00 to 5.10; good to choice, \$4.50 to 4.60; mixed, \$4.00 to 4.10; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to 3.60; cows, \$3.50 to 3.60; heifers, \$3.50 to 3.60; bulls, \$3.50 to 3.60; calves, \$3.50 to 3.60; sheep and lambs—Good to choice western sheep, \$3.50 to 3.60; fat to good, \$3.40 to 3.50; mixed sheep, \$3.40 to 3.50; cuts and combs, \$2.50 to 3.00; good to choice, \$2.00 to 2.50; hogs—Yorks, \$5.80; medium and heavies, \$5.50.

BALTIMORE—Butter: Fancy creamery, 2400 lbs. Eggs—Fresh, 1800 lbs.

GAMBLER'S APPEAL.

They Claim New York's Gambling Laws Are Unconstitutional.

New York, Aug. 1.—The gamblers and poolroom proprietors of New York have instituted, through their attorneys, a proceeding to take the case of Charles Bennett, an alleged associate of "The Alton," to the United States circuit court on the ground that sections 344 and 351 of the penal code of this state in regard to gambling are "contrary and repugnant to the constitution of the United States, and the laws of the United States." This is the first time a step of this character has been taken in this state.

J. E. Dos Passos, one of the counsel for the appellants, said that if the United States circuit court sustained the allegation state laws are unconstitutional, it would have the effect of making illegal the sentences of all gamblers raided and afterward convicted by the committee of 15, and would necessitate a revision of the laws as they pertain to gambling in the state of New York.

President's G. A. R. Invitation. Cleveland, Aug. 1.—A committee headed by General George A. Garretson went to Canton to extend to President McKinley a special invitation to attend the national Grand Army encampment to be held in this city in September. The invitation, which is handsomely engraved on parchment, reads as follows: "On behalf of the city of Cleveland and the department of Ohio, the honor of your presence is requested at the thirty-fifth national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Sept. 3 to 14, 1901."

Cortez Convicted in One Case. Dallas, Tex., Aug. 1.—Gregorio Cortez was convicted and given a sentence of 50 years' imprisonment at Gonzales for murdering Henry Schnable, a member of a posse that was pursuing him during the long and exciting man-hunt on the lower Rio Grande several weeks ago. Cortez will be taken to Karnes county for trial on the charge of murdering Sheriff Morris. After that he is to be tried for the murder of Sheriff Glover of Gonzales.

Negro Tragedy. Helena, Ark., Aug. 1.—Isaac Lane and wife were murdered on Island Sixty-Six in the Mississippi river. Both were almost shot to pieces. Will Kelly and Frank Cannon, charged with the crime, were captured by constables after a fight in which both of them were wounded. All of the persons concerned, including the officers, are negroes.

Narrow Escape of Five Men. Sullivan, Ind., Aug. 1.—Lightning struck the barn of Ed Hoist, a farmer, destroying it and its contents. One horse was killed and five men who sought shelter in the barn were knocked senseless, one of whom recovered just in time to rescue the other four prostrate men from the burning building.

The Montezuma Searched. London, Aug. 1.—On the arrival here July 21 of the steamer Montezuma, with mules and horses from New Orleans, says a dispatch from Cape Town, she was minutely searched for arms and ammunition she was suspected of carrying.

Fosburg New Reward Offer. Pittsfield, Mass., Aug. 1.—R. L. Fosburg, father of Max Fosburg, who was shot and instantly killed Aug. 19, 1900, withdrew all rewards previously offered and substituted one of \$1,500 for the arrest and conviction of the guilty parties.

TenEyck Quits Aquatic Racing. Worcester, Mass., Aug. 1.—Edward H. TenEyck, world's champion amateur sculler, announced that he had quit the racing game forever. He retired a champion who has never been beaten in a race.

ON THE DIAMOND. Results of the Games Played in the Several Leagues.

NATIONAL. CLUBS: W. L. P. C. CLUBS: W. L. P. C. Clubs: 49 32 605 Boston 39 40 404 Philadelphia 46 35 568 New York 34 41 472 St. Louis 48 37 545 Cincinnati 31 48 411 Brooklyn 44 39 530 Chicago 34 55 381

AMERICAN. CLUBS: W. L. P. C. CLUBS: W. L. P. C. Clubs: 53 29 606 Philadelphia 33 42 440 Boston 47 31 503 Washington 32 42 432 Baltimore 45 32 573 Cleveland 31 48 392 Detroit 45 37 549 New York 30 54 357

WESTERN ASSOCIATION. CLUBS: W. L. P

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

1901 AUGUST 1901

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sat.
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11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES KILBOURNE,
of Franklin County.For Lieutenant Governor,
ANTHONY HOWELLS,
of Stark County.For Clerk of Supreme Court,
HARRY YOUNG,
of Champaign County.For Attorney General,
M. B. MCCARTHY,
of Lucas County.For Member Board Public Works,
JAMES G. HOLMAN,
of Brown County.For Judge of Supreme Court,
JOSEPH HINDY,
of Fayette County.For State Treasurer,
R. P. ALEXANDER,
of Gallia County.For State Senators,
STEPHEN D. CRITES,
of Allen County,
Wm. E. BECKER,
of Paulding County.For Representative,
JOHN W. MANGES.For Sheriff,
EUGENE J. BARR.For Treasurer,
JAMES W. GENSEL.For County Commissioner,
ALBERT HEFNER.For Coroner,
DR. ANDREW BICE.For Infirmary Director,
W. E. GRUBB.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT RECEIVES BY WIRE THE TELEGRAPHIC AND CABLE SERVICE OF THE SCRIPPS-McRAE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

It is a proof of the value of display advertisements that the most experienced merchants agree that they are more effective than "reading notices" which give (or profess to give) the opinion of the newspapers. The manager of a New York concern which advertises heavily and "almost exclusively in the newspapers" says: "We like reading notices, and sometimes pay for them; but they never bring the return which display 'ads' do."

Says the Omaha News, a straight cut Republican newspaper: "Protection is a most vicious war maker. It makes us enemies and will in the end lose to us a large share of foreign trade which we might have for the asking in return for fair dealing. The truth is becoming manifest in spite of all the trust makers, protected pets and market owners are able to do to keep up the old deception. The tariff question is to be taken up without delay and fearlessly discussed in the light of recent occurrences in an octopus ridden world."

There is little reason to fear that the torrid temperature of July will be matched by the August sun. Whatever may be the theories of imaginative astronomers, the government weather observers were not unreasonable in forecasting the present season of lower temperature "because there was already an excess of heat for July." Experience has shown that even the sun pays some respect to the law of averages, and is not disposed to pile up heat without restraint. Having made a new record for the greater part of this July, it was to be

expected that Old Sol would make an effort to bring summer record nearer to the normal. This is the only basis for the opinion that the coming August will show a lower average temperature than usual, and that, therefore, with the ending of July we are in respect of the heat far beyond midsummer and well on the way to the mellow days of autumn.

OHIO REPUBLICANS

Absolutely Dominated by
Standard Oil Company.

The Republican party in Ohio has suffered defeat after defeat through the activity of its radical temperance movement. Foraker owed his first defeat to the discontent among the liberal elements of the state with the active anti-saloon work of the Republican party. The radical temperance people are very strong in getting embarrassing anti-election pledges out of candidates and in kicking up trouble through the winter months, but they are lamentably weak when it comes to getting out the vote on election day. They say, through the officers of their organization, the Anti-Saloon League, that they propose to make a test of strength at the polls with the liquor men, and the latter have taken up their challenge and declared war against the Republican party. The liquor men say that they will fight only the Republican candidates for the general assembly who are known to be favorable to stringent temperance legislation, but the inevitable effect of fighting the Republican legislative ticket is to cut down the vote for the state ticket. The saloon men, the liberal German element and the whole world of sportsmen are arrayed against Governor Nash and the Republican candidates for the general assembly.

A very large element that has supported the Republican party as a rule is dissatisfied with the evidences indicating that the Republican state convention for several years have been absolutely dominated by the Standard Oil interests. There can be no getting away from the fact that, whether the charge is true or not, thousands of workingmen who have always been Republicans are convinced that the Standard Oil and other trust interests have dictated the selection of candidates for the supreme bench and the office of attorney-general for a number of years, and the cut-and-dried manner of the last state convention of the party has not tended to do away with this impression.—Philadelphia Times.

PLACES

Of the Strikers Being
FilledBy Imported Non-union Men
at Sharon, Pa.

There are Now Two Hundred Non-union Men Employed and the Works are Said to be in Full Operation.

Sharon, Pa., Aug. 1.—It is the design of the American Steel Casting company, one of the largest producers of castings in the country, to break the strike at their works in this city by importing non-union workers to fill the places of the striking molders, chippers and crane-men. Two more carloads of men were brought in from Philadelphia. There were about 30 new arrivals, making a total of 200 who have been imported to date. The company claims the plant is running almost in full, and if necessary more hands can be imported. The injunction order of the Mercer court prevents the strikers from molesting the new men.

Toledo Turnkey Arrested.
Toledo, Aug. 1.—United States Marshal Chandler arrested George Armons, the turnkey in charge of the county jail when "Topeka Joe" and his two pals escaped. He is charged with permitting the prisoners to escape. It is said that the authorities will try to prove Armons knew of the plans of the prisoners.

Siege Raised at Buenos Ayres.
Washington, Aug. 1.—The state department has received from the United States legation at Buenos Ayres telegraphic information to the effect that the siege declared in that capital July 5 by reason of political disturbances has been raised.

Empress Frederick's Illness.
Berlin, Aug. 1.—It is announced that the Dowager Empress Frederick, who is in ill health, is in no immediate danger.

TO EUROPE IN FOUR DAYS

Charles A. Kuenzel Plans to
Cross the Ocean Without Coal.

INVENTED A NONEXPLOSIVE GAS.

Petroleum in Small Quantities is Mixed with Eighty-five Per Cent of Compressed Air—Inventor Says New Gas Can Be Used in Steamers, Locomotives and Automobiles.

"To Europe in four days without coal, at half the present expense for fuel to drive an ocean steamer," is what a Hoboken engineer claims for his new process of burning a very little petroleum with 85 per cent of red-hot compressed air, says the New York Herald. Charles A. Kuenzel is his name, and he told a plain story the other night which others who had seen the machine working corroborated.

They said that after years of experiment a little discovery patented a few weeks ago gave the long sought solution to the problem of making a non-explosive gas out of petroleum and air, which burned like oxygen and which can be used and control without the slightest danger from explosion or suffocation. This new force, to run steamships, railways, automobiles and machinery, was a dry gas, the first, it was asserted, ever produced in practical quantities.

By the new Hoboken process common kerosene oil is mixed with compressed hot air, forming a gas. Just as this gas enters the firebox of the engine, through small pipes within other pipes, passing over gas jets, it becomes so hot that every trace of moisture is expelled, and at that instant it becomes dry gas, which will not explode.

This is the gas which bursts into flame as it flows from thousands of little needle holes in the pipes lying on the furnace grate. The heat is so fierce as to convert water into steam almost instantly.

"You can better understand the value of my discovery," said the inventor, "when I say that you may turn a full head of this gas into a red-hot furnace, and there will be no explosion. When ordinary illuminating gas leaks and fills the house, you strike a match, and away goes the front of your dwelling, generally with fatal results. Fill a room with my dry gas, and no explosion will follow if you light a dozen matches. It is dry, non-explosive gas, with power enough to run the heaviest machinery, yet as harmless as water."

"We have proved all our claims, perfected our patents and put the gas to a practical test with such success that a naval engineer has been detailed by the United States government to look into it. He visited our machine shop in Hoboken recently, inspected every feature of the machine while it was working, and took notes and copies of the plans on which to prepare a report for the government."

It is considered a valuable feature that very little attention need be made in a locomotive firebox or steamship furnace to introduce the gas. A new fire grate, a sort of gridiron or nest of gas burners, is placed on the old grate, then connections are made with the gas manufacturing apparatus, and a steady blast furnace fire, converting water almost instantly into steam, is obtained.

In a recent experiment on a railroad with crude petroleum 1,800 gallons were required to run a locomotive and train 510 miles. Referring to this experiment, the Hoboken inventor said that by his process 100 gallons of ordinary lamp oil, with compressed air, would have made the same trip, thus reducing the expense to an eighteenth of the amount expended.

Another strong claim made for the gas and compressed air process is the doing away with the enormous weight of coal required for driving a steamship across the Atlantic and the abolition of smoke, making locomotives smokeless and railway travel cheaper and pleasanter. The saving would not be confined to coal alone, for nearly all the fuel used and overhauled men at the furnaces could be dispensed with, and one man can supply ten boilers with dry gas and keep steam up to the highest rating point of speed.

Danger from explosion from coal gas generated in the bunkers would also be removed, and a warship could carry enough oil to drive her from New York to Manila and return without having a pound of coal on board.

Disappearing With "Cuesta Mates."

This local packet companies, together with many other excellent improvements recently made, have decided to do away with the "cuesta mate," and hereafter the forecastles of their steamers will be governed by men who will not send forth a stream of profanity, says the Louisville Evening Post. To this end changes have recently been made until at last every mate in the service of the Louisville and Cincinnati and Evansville and Henderson lines is of the "noncussing" kind. The rule says, "Thou shalt not cuss," very, very, even should a stage plank or cask of bacon fall on thy person.

Thinks He Has an \$804 Dollar.
J. T. Devereux, a wealthy ice dealer of Chicago, has paid to J. A. Ryan, a Berkeley saloon keeper, \$2.99 for a dollar coined in 1804. Devereux made a special trip to Norfolk, Va., to purchase the coin, says the Chicago News. Ryan while digging the foundation for a house found the dollar.

London to Be Enlightened.
For one thing, these American hotels, says the Philadelphia Ledger, are likely to give the Londoners enlarged views on the use of ice.

TO SHOW AMERICAN GOODS

Plans of Consul McWade at Canton, to Advance Trade.

"There are no American merchants in Canton," says Consul McWade, "up to the state department at Washington from Canton, China, and there is no record in this consulate of any having registered at the other twenty parts within this consular district, but inquiries are frequent from American manufacturers and business men generally as to the possibility of the sale of their respective products and wares, the prices likely to obtain and the names of prospective Chinese or other firms as prospective customers. These inquiries are usually accompanied by illustrated and descriptive brochures, sometimes by letters and often by trade journals, in which the goods are generously and profusely advertised. Chinese merchants do not see those advertisements, pamphlets, etc., and if they did not read them or understand their purport. The only importers who can understand them are the British, the French and Germans, who naturally give a decided preference to the goods consigned to them from their own countries and will only accept American articles when their own cannot meet them in price, demand, ingenious workmanship, etc."

"Proper samples, however, tell their own story and help a consul wonderfully in pushing trade or rather in creating a demand which in time may become remunerative. I am about to set aside a part of the consulate for the public exhibition of all samples forwarded to me. At present the space which I will be able to give for that object will necessarily be limited, but I hope in the near future to have ample exhibition room to accommodate all consignments as well as visitors, Chinese and others."

CORONETS TO MEASURE.

Headgear For British Coronation Has to Be Specially Prepared.

"We have had one or two orders for coronets for the coronation, but as yet the coming event is casting little shadow before in the shape of business. It's a long way off yet." So said Mr. Simmons, the court costumer of the Haymarket, to a London Express representative. He added that the bulk of the fortunate people having coronets would probably put off ordering them until the last moment and then expect them to be made while they waited, so to speak. Coronets require delicate workmanship and cannot be "knocked off." Nor can they be kept in stock, like hats. A coronet has to be made to measure, or else it is uncomfortable. A peer with a No. 7 head who tried to put it into a 6½ coronet would suffer pain.

Mr. Simmons exhibited an earl's coronet and countess' diadem, which he had just made. He unwrapped them in the blaze of the afternoon sun, shining through the huge show-room windows, and they winked and blazed until it seemed as if they must set the tissue paper on fire. The circlet was of silver, heavily gilded, and they were upholstered in rich crimson velvet, with a band of miniver. A baronet's coronet, next displayed, was much the same as the earl's, except that it lacked the crimson velvet. What it lost in impressiveness, however, it gained in coolness.

If it is 80 in the shade on coronation day, it will be better for some reasons to be a baron than an earl.

COW MOURNS ROGERS.

Animal Dies Because It Sheds the Locomotive Manufacturer's Death.

It is to a sick cow that the interest of Paterson (N. J.) folks is now directed, says the New York Evening Journal. The animal was the property of the late Jacob S. Rogers, and since his death it is said to have mourned itself into a severe illness, and that is why all Paterson is paying her attention.

She has mourned and bellowed pitifully since her master's death, and it is that fact which has led Theodore S. Rogers, the nephew and executor of the estate, to give orders to save no expense to save the animal and bring it back to health.

The city veterinary, Dr. Lowe, was sent for and diagnosed the case as paralysis of the hind quarters. A scaffold will be built over the cow and ropes attached. An effort will then be made to put the cow in a sling, and she will be raised from the floor daily if this is successful.

MAXIM ON ELECTRIC ROADS

He Says a Speed of 120 Miles an Hour Can Be Attained.

Sir Hiram Maxim, speaking the other night at a meeting of the Maxim Engineering company in London, said that electric railways were revolutionizing American city life and property values, whereas Great Britain was deplorably behind in the matter of electric traction, which had spread out populations and mitigated some of the greatest evils of modern cities.

He declared, according to the Philadelphia Press, that light electric roads were capable of 120 miles an hour, that their construction was perfectly practicable and that their cost would be cheaper than that of the present steam lines.

An Unlabeled Kid.
A few days ago the first doctor's degree ever bestowed upon a lady in Indiana was obtained by Francis Dr. Gabot at the Prague university, says the London Telegraph. At the promotion of this young lady to the rank of doctor of philosophy it was found necessary by the senate to alter the form of admission at the conclusion of the address, which runs thus: "Receive this kiss as a sign of close union and confidential friendship."

MARYLAND DEMOCRATS.

State Convention Held at Noon With Gorman at the Helm.

Baltimore, Aug. 1.—The Democratic state convention met at Ford's Opera House at noon with prospects of its deliberations being thoroughly harmonious. In the primaries no bitterness developed except in Montgomery county, where the friends of Senator Boule are sore over his defeat by Spencer Jones, the administration candidate. The delegates to the convention, with few exceptions, are strict organization men, and there will be no kicking over the traces. The only nominations to be made are candidates for controller and clerk of the court of appeals.

The platform is being very carefully drafted with a view of getting every vote possible—for the Democratic nominees for the legislature. Mr. Gorman has taken part in many conferences upon this subject, and the list of nominees in the various counties has been carefully scrutinized and revised by his friends as being a recognized fact that upon the success or failure of the party to carry the legislature this fall will depend Mr. Gorman's future career as a politician, insofar as the state of Maryland is concerned. That he will be chosen to succeed Senator Wellington in the event of Democratic success is regarded as being certain beyond the slightest doubt, and no other name than his has thus far been mentioned in that connection.

San Francisco's Strike.

San Francisco, Aug. 1.—There were few changes in the local labor situation and no serious disturbance. The employers say there is nothing in sight but the hard battle. Two of the big steamship companies assert that they are getting nonunion men to fill the places of some of the strikers, and believe they can within a short time secure all the men they need. Arriving vessels were deserted by their crews, who immediately repaired to headquarters of the sailors' union. Several foreign vessels are being loaded by their own crews. The drivers for the Pacific Transfer company were called out. This will have a serious effect on the handling of baggage. The sand teamsters were also ordered out. This new development may put a stop to building operations in the city. The City Front Federation granted permission to a number of teams to haul coal to the lighthouse tender, so there will be no stoppage of the lighthouse service. Permission was also granted to charitable institutions and hospitals to receive supplies hauled by union teamsters.

Sought Death by Drowning.

Olathe, Kan., Aug. 1.—J. H. Dow, for more than 30 years one of the leading merchants of eastern Kansas, drowned himself in the Memphis railroad lake near here. It is the cause given. Mr. Dow was a thirty-second degree Mason and wealthy.

Mussulmans Exiled.

Constantinople, Aug. 1.—Cherif Sarda Pasha, who was recently arrested in his house, together with 28 guests, all of whom were accused of an extensive conspiracy against the sultan, and 13 other Mussulmans were dispatched into exile.

Result of a Feud.

Rice, Lake, Wis., Aug. 1.—H. A. Sapp shot and mortally wounded T. H. Coffin on Main street. There had been a feud of long standing between them. They were locally prominent.

Senator Hanna's Statement.

Cleveland, Aug. 1.—Senator Hanna says there had been no conference between himself and representatives of the Amalgamated Association, as had been reported.

MINUTE BUT MIGHTY.

Trite Telegrams Tensely Traced on The Tablet of Time.

Mrs. George Moore, 31, of Findlay, O., shot herself. Ill health.

Mark L. Wilson, 40, theatrical manager, suicided at Philadelphia.

At Pleasant Ridge, Ky., Walter Sheppard shot and killed Henry Vittore. Both young men.

Dana Duncan, 7, son of James Duncan of Harmony, O., drowned while bathing in the Hoocking river.

Martin Fry officially hanged at Carlisle, Pa., for murdering his brother-in-law, James E. Collins, of whom he was jealous.

Walter Snider, 19, son of Martin Snider of Standard Oil company, drowned in a pond at Euclid, Golf club's grounds near Cleveland.

Cat overturned oil lamp; starting fire in which James McCoy and children, William, 16, and Effie, 14, perished in their home in Brooklyn.

Three young men giving their names as William Portland, Jerry Burnett and Joe Delisch, in jail at Deadwood, S. D., on charge of counterfeiting silver coins.

Mme. Ruiz Files a Claim.

Washington, Aug. 1.—Madame Rita L. De Ruiz, widow of the American dentist who was killed by the Spanish authorities in Cuba just before the outbreak of the Spanish war, filed before the Spanish claims commission a claim for \$75,000 damages by reason of her husband's death.

Run Down By a Train.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Aug. 1.—Henry L. Homedieu, son of Superintendent L.H. Homedieu of the Michigan Central, was instantly killed by an express train on the Michigan Central while he was assisting railroad Engineer Adams surveying in railway yard.

NEW
Chief Dispatcher is
Appointed.

W. H. Roberts

Of the L. E. & W., Succeeded by W. Gore,

Formerly Trainmaster of the Chicago & Southeastern Road.

The Retiring Chief Dispatcher to be Transferred to Another Position—Other Changes May be Made.

One of the important changes in the local official family of the L. E. & W. railroad that were predicted by the Times-Democrat some time ago, was announced yesterday afternoon when W. A. Gore was appointed chief train dispatcher of the Sandusky-Lima-Tipton division of the road, and vice W. H. Roberts is to be transferred to another position in the service of the same company. The change became effective today and Mr. Gore is now in charge of the duties of his new position.

Mr. Gore was formerly employed in the position of trainmaster for the Chicago & Southeastern railroad with headquarters at Muncie. He came to this city a few months ago and has been in the service of the L. E. & W. in the capacity of an extra dispatcher, serving at the train sheets in the absence of any of the regular dispatchers while they were taking their vacations. It is not yet known what position will be tendered Mr. Roberts or what if any other changes will be made in the present subordinate force of train dispatchers. Mr. Roberts has been the chief dispatcher for some time and has been considered a very competent man. His hosts of friends among the railroad men and citizens generally sincerely hope that he will take a step up the ladder as a result of the change.

Mr. Gore's former position as trainmaster of the Chicago and Southeastern at Muncie is now filled by E. R. Kramer, who was formerly division superintendent for the L. E. & W. here.

Johnson's Swim. Street cars run there every ten minutes. 5-37

FATALLY

Injuries Sustained by Joseph Merkle Resulted.

Deceased was a Member of Knights of the Maccabees—Body Taken to Cridersville.

Joseph Merkle, the rig builder who fell from a derrick on the W. L. Brice farm, two miles east of the city yesterday morning, died in the city hospital last night about 2:15 o'clock, death resulting from the injuries he sustained in the frightful fall. The remains were taken from the hospital to Bennett's morgue and were sent to the home of the bereaved family in Cridersville this morning. Arrangements for the funeral have not been made.

The deceased was 37 years of age and is survived by his wife and four children. He was a member of Cridersville tent, Knights of the Maccabees, and carried \$2,000 life insurance in that order.

The Oil Market.

Tiona	.....	\$1.40
Pennsylvania	.....	1.25
Somerset	.....	.85
Corning	.....	1.08
New Castle	.....	1.00
North Lima	.....	.91
South Lima	.....	.86
Indiana	.....	.85
White House	.....	.85

A 99-year lease expired in London the other day, and the property re-verted to the original possessor, the Chapter of Westminster Parish.

Get fresh Fish of Ingledue.

TEXAS

Drilling is Confined to
Spindle Top HeightsAnd Wells Next Door are
Proving Failures.The Oil is Being Used Almost
Altogether as Fuel and is
Finding Already a
tentative Market.

A telegram says: The oil and gas fields of the Western interior of Texas are reported upon in a bulletin issued by the Geological Survey. The report says the productive territory is being constantly extended, as there is a demand for the gas as fuel, and oil is proving a profitable resource. The principal productive field of the Western interior area is in Southeastern Kansas and the northern part of the Indian Territory, although both gas and oil in limited quantities have been found as far north as Kansas City and along the western border of Missouri. The report says the oil measured rocks of Iowa thus far have not proved productive. The small flows of gas there are sporadic, and the extension of that field has been attended with uncertainty and risk.

According to the report the Beaumont oil has a gravity of 22 degrees Baume, has an asphalt base and contains a considerable quantity of sulphur.

"Tests show," says the report, "that the percentage of light oils which contains is very low, and it is therefore regarded as a fuel oil. The cluster of wells at Beaumont which have reached the oil deposits are four miles south of the center of the town and within a radius of a half mile from the first discovery. Up to June 15 these actually recognized as two distinct number 11."

Regarding present prospecting in the Texas field the report continues: "The active drilling has been nearly all confined to the Spindle Top heights, and thus far has developed a field of limited extent. Some of the well-situated very near to the producing territory are now proved failures. This has caused a more conservative spirit among the operators, and the oil business is beginning to be conducted on a more careful basis. The fact that the reservoir under Spindle Top heights appears to have only a limited extent does not preclude the possibility of finding oil in the same general horizon in other places. Instead of a continuous field prospectors should expect to find a number of small fields occurring at wide intervals."

Drink Phosphate Soda-water, bottled by L. Christen.

Go around and see Ingledue's Fish.

THE IDLER.

Want to See the Jumpers.

During the past week or two there has been a kind of sportsmen in Lima at the fair grounds watching the work of the bunch of runners recently brought from Kentucky by Guncheon and Baker, and interest in the "jumpers," even among those who have stickers for harness performers is daily on the increase. At least two prominent horsemen who have a stable of winners in the pacing and trotting classes, have expressed a desire to see a good running meeting in Lima and as the talk in that direction is on the increase, there may be a chance for it before the season closes. Guncheon & Baker have some winners they think, and a test made yesterday shows that Can Roberts will do in a field of fast ones. A half mile was raced with Ed. Gast's runner, and Can Roberts turned the quarter in 23. He was then pulled up and came to the wire in a canter.

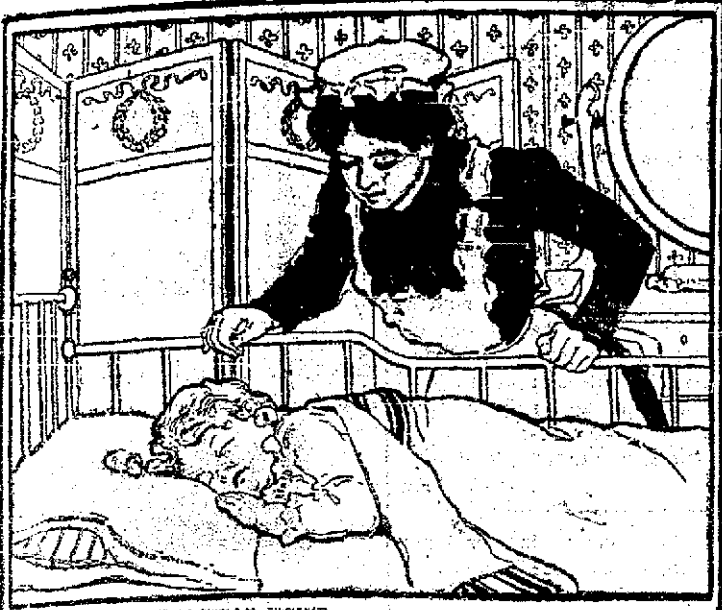
May Be at Findlay.

The Modern Woodmen of America are planning to hold the state meeting of the order in Findlay this year. Last year the meeting was held at Cedar Point and proved a great success, every camp in the state being represented by delegates. If the meeting is held there it will probably be held at either Mortimer or at the Arcadia park some time in September.

Nothing finer than Phosphate Soda-water, lemon and cherry flavors. 5-37

Anders Zorn the famous Swedish artist, "threatened," as he put it, to come day present one of his pictures to the St. Louis Museum of Arts. That was when he first visited the city several years ago. The other day the picture arrived. It is a "Portrait of a Woman," and is valued at over \$6,000.

Ingledue has lots of Fish.



SWEET RESTORERS.

IVEY cannot be imitated except in appearance, neither can Ivory Soap. There are other white soaps that look like Ivory Soap, this is a penalty which it pays for its great success. But you are not deceived, there is only one Ivory, the others are imitations of its perfections.

99 PER CENT. PURE.

BAD

Wreck on the Clover Leaf.

Freight Trains

Come Together as They Rounded a Curve.

But the Crews Jumped and Escaped With Exception of Painful Bruises.

George M. Henry, a Competent Railroad Man Takes Hold of the Detroit Southern's Passenger Dept.

Two big engines and seventeen cars, some loaded with hogs and cattle, figured in a bad smash up on the Clover Leaf near Charleston, Ill., yesterday. The two freight trains rounded a curve at the same moment and came together with a terrible crash, but the crews were given time to jump and all escaped serious injury. Engineer Rider of the 124, and conductor Branton were badly bruised. The engines and cars were piled up in a destructive mass and the loss will be a heavy one. As a natural result, some more heads will fall into President Norton's already well filled basket.

The New G. P. A.

George M. Henry, who has been appointed general passenger agent of the Detroit Southern, took hold of the duties of his office today. Mr. Henry is well known among the railroad men. He is an old employee of the Wheeling and Lake Erie, having, in former years, been chief clerk in the passenger department, which post is now filled by T. J. McRoberts. Recently Mr. Henry has been general passenger agent of the Rapid Railroad in Detroit, but when the passenger department of the Detroit Southern was reorganized he was placed at the head of the passenger traffic.

C. H. & D. Notes.

Charles Addicks, of the machine shops, is off duty.

Harry Schubert, assistant foreman of the machine shops, has a short leave of absence.

Extra brakeman Elbridge is relieving brakeman Durlait at Bowling Green branch for a few days.

Extra brakemen Jennings and Snyder are up on the C. F. & N. branch this week.

General Superintendent R. B. Turner and Sup't. S. B. Fletcher came in from Toledo on No. 5 today.

Brakeman O. M. Lange has been transferred from the C. F. & N. branch to car 41 on the main line.

Conductor Lawrie, of the north end local, is off for a few days and extra conductor Wadsworth is in his place.

Brakeman C. L. Jeffries has been transferred to the north end local and brakeman Forrest has been assigned to Jeffries on car 35.

Conductor C. C. Welsh is laying off for a few days and extra conductor Myers is running his car.

Extra passenger brakeman W. A. Lent goes to Cincinnati today to come out on brakeman Hamshorn's run. The latter has the baggage car in place of Darby, who is laying off for a few days.

Brakeman F. B. Curtis is laying off for a few days and extra brakeman Day is working in his place.

Michael Welsh, of the machine shop, had his hand cut in an accident yesterday and is off duty in consequence.

Fireman Richmond has sickness in his family and will be off for a few days.

Engineer Charles Leas and Foreman Rydman are reported sick.

Fireman Carey Doan reported for work today, after being off for a week.

Barinder Lane was off duty yesterday, his engine the 256 being sent to the back shops for repairs. He was marked up on the board for service today.

Engineer Dickman is having serious trouble with his eyes. He was removed from the road several days ago, but has not improved sufficiently to return to work.

The 210 was sent out with No. 96 for another trial trip today.

Carpenter John Sifford, of the construction crew, returned from Chillicothe yesterday, where he went to attend the funeral of his nephew, Edward Mayberry, who died at Kansas City. He will return to work tomorrow.

Our good papers must be sold quick. We have to many. Our loss, your gain. Heiniger's Bargain Store.

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PERSONAL.

Mrs. A. Delaney and two daughters, Miss Agnes and Miss Elizabeth, of New York, are visiting Miss Florence Collins, of 126 west North street.

Born, this morning, to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kane, of 756 south Broadway, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Bates have gone to Bay View, where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Van Dyke for a couple of weeks.

D. S. Irwin will leave, tonight for Moons, N. Y., to spend his vacation.

Mrs. E. L. Grandstaff and son and daughter left this afternoon for Buffalo, to visit the Pan-American exposition.

Miss Mary Koester and brothers, John and William, who have been the guests of relatives here for some time past, returned this morning to their home in Ft. Wayne, accompanied by their cousin Harry Small, who will be their guest for an indefinite period.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Courtney, of north McDonel street, a girl baby.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Feichtner, of south Central avenue, a son.

J. H. Williams returned last night from Mt. Clemens, Mich.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Tony Miller, a daughter.

An enjoyable trip will be taken next week by a party of four, including Joe Puttscher, Ed. Williams, Pete Long and E. W. Mosier. They leave Monday and will take the steamer Pittsburg for Georgiana bay.

William Stewart, accompanied by his mother, has gone to Bay View, Michigan, for an outing.

U. M. Shappell, accompanied by his wife, mother and his children, making a party of seven, started today for a delightful trip which will include a visit at several of the well known northern resorts. They will go to Toronto by lake from Toledo, thence by rail to Georgian Bay, stopping a few days at the Soo and Mackinac, and return to Toledo by the D. & C. steamer line.

Mrs. J. M. McMahon and children are spending the summer at Elliottville, New York.

Prof. C. C. Miller is taking in the Pan-American exposition.

Probate Judge Miller went to Columbus today.

FORESTERS

Of Court Allen Have an Interesting Event.

Initiation of a Class of Candidates Followed by an Entertainment and a Supper.

Court Allen had a jubilant time last evening when some thirty candidates were passed into the ranks of the order. After the brief initiatory ceremony, which was conducted by Supreme Deputy Evison, the members and friends of the court assembled in the large hall where an interesting programme of music and oratory was rendered, much to the satisfaction of all.

Mrs. Russell and Miss Patterson supplied the vocal music in a clever and artistic manner and the Rev. M. Miller and Deputy Evison gave entertaining and instructive addresses. The attendance was large and all appeared to enjoy themselves, particularly at the tables which were fixed up in the banquet room and supplied with ice-cream, cake and lemonade in abundance. The committee managing the proceedings certainly deserve credit. Messrs. Crossley, Halterman, Matthew and Gensel proved themselves past-masters in the work they undertook. Court Allen, during the last three months, has added over sixty new members; a record hard to beat.

REMAINS

Of Albert Roach Buried in Woodlawn Cemetery.

Effort to Locate Relatives of the Deceased Proved Fruitless—Buried by the City.

Today the remains of Albert Roach, the hostler who died from dropsy in city hospital a few days ago, were consigned to a final resting place in Woodlawn cemetery, the burial ex-

Two More Days.

Saturday, day and night, and all will be over in this location, at 333 North Main.

We start Monday to move in our bright, commodious quarters in the

Black Block,

and as we want everything in our new store to be fresh and new, to correspond with our store,

We'll make a deeper cut than ever on every pair of Shoes in our store. Buy now—it's the best of the season.

THE COLUMBIA.



This man is sorry he didn't wait for our great Suit Sale. He bought one somewhere else last week.

The Greatest Suit Sale on Record.

All our fashionable up-to-date Spring and Summer Suits, that have sold from \$8 to \$11, are all marked down to

\$6.75

During our Great Suit Sale. We can fit you properly. See them in our south window. A snap while it lasts.

The Michael Clothing & Shoe Co.

We do as we Advertise at all Times.

THIS PAN-AMERICAN SKIRT

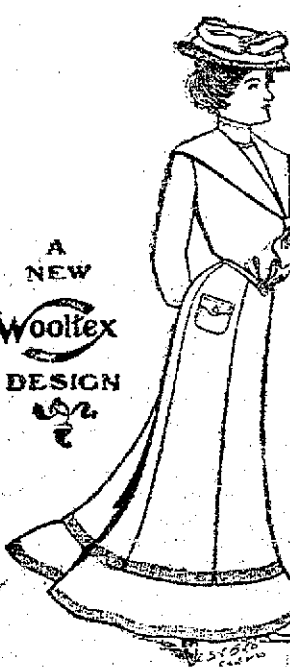
-- AT --

"BLUEM'S"

An Exact Picture. The Latest Style. Every Thread Wool. Will Not Shrink or Sag. Colors Grey, Oxford, Brown, Blue and Black.

PRICE

\$5.75.



A NEW Wooltex DESIGN

Wall Paper.

Closing out. It must be sold and we have put the price to move the goods.

How is This?

36 rolls of paper for 10 cents—and a lot of three thousand rolls at 1 cent per roll; this is white back paper. All the goods in the house at half price.

1-inch Molding at 3c and 1c per foot; 1 1/2 inch at 1c and 1 1/2c per foot.

Call early. Do not miss this sale.

OGDEN'S.

126 South Central Avenue

WANTED.

FOR SALE—A ladies fine gold watch; or will trade for bicycle. Inquire at 1031 west North street. 7-3t

WANTED—Two girls to work in the kitchen. Inquire at once at Home restaurant west High street. 11

WANTED—Two girls; one for dining room and one for kitchen work. at 126 west North street. 9-3t

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping. Apply at 537 north Elizabeth street. 9-3t

WANTED—Good ironing girl. Apply at once at Niagara Laundry.

WANTED—Fifty young men and women to learn cigar maker's trade; young men between the age of 15 and 17, and young women not under 16 years; must be industrious and willing to apply themselves strictly to their work. Deisel & Wemmer Company. 49 1w

SEE HARRY RUMPLE FOR

Bargains in Bicycle Sundries and Repairs.

The \$25.00 WOLF-AMERICAN is the best wheel on the market for the money. I have some high priced wheels at BARGAIN PRICES.

House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

THE POLICE

And Where They Will Patrol During Dog Days.

The city policemen of the police department have been assigned to their beats for the month of August as follows:

Day Force—Jackson, north of Wayne street; Mills, central beat; south side.

Night Force—Goebel, depot beat; Armstrong, Wayne to High street, east to Main street; High street to river, east of Main; Shook, northwest beat; Inocence, Wayne to High street, west of Main; Wright, High street to river, west of Main; Gardner and Sullivan, south side.

Second clearance sale of wall papers at Heiniger's Bargain Store. Have to many the papers. You can now buy ridiculously cheap.

NO MATCH

Has Been Arranged Between Wilson and Buop.

That inquiry has been indulging in some newspaper talk about a match being arranged between Kid Wilson and Fred Buop of this city. According to the statement made, both Wilson and Buop are in training and expected to be in condition within the next two or three weeks. There is no truth in the report, as Buop denies having either made or accepted a challenge to meet anyone. He added that he would do no more training in the arena until next winter.

An English association regarding human happiness has offered a reward of \$500 for a greater blessing than that which Rocky Mountain Tea can give. Ask your druggist. 42

ROY HUME

Has Removed His Photographic Supply House.

As was stated in the Times-Democrat of Tuesday the directors of the Photo Mail Company have rented a corner room of the first floor of the building to Mr. L. H. Hume, who has removed into, with his photographic supply house which has been located in the Black block north Main street. Mr. Hume will be extensive additions to his business in his new quarters and will have one of the most attractive stores of photographic material in northwestern Ohio. He will carry a large and complete stock of all goods pertaining to the photographic business and be in position to be the base of supplies for all photographers in points tributary to Lima as a distributing center.

A dealer asks you to take some tea to be "just as good as Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co." ask him if he makes more. Ask your druggist. 34

ANOTHER CUT

Made in the List of Manhattan Employees.

It has been some time since the remnant of the Manhattan Oil company has been disturbed and the handful of clerks left at Lima had been cut down to just what was absolutely required. This morning however, the pay roll was again lessened by the resignation of John Hughes, whose duty had been to keep account of the supply at Galeana. The Standard has full possession there now and the services of another clerk could be dispensed of by the Manitannas. It will not be a great while when all that will be left as a reminder of the old company's former activity will be the signs on the glass fronts of the doors in the Holmes block.

Have your pictures and ornaments at McBeth's Park. 233-t

ATTENTION ELKS.

The regular monthly meeting of Lima lodge No. 62 B. P. O. Elks will be held in the lodge room this evening. A full attendance of the membership is desired.

L. H. Hume, L. R.

SWIMMING CLUB

Is Organized at Ada to Swim in This City.

Ada society is always up-to-date and the latest organization to be formed in its exclusive circle is a swimming club. The members will visit this city at regular intervals when the weather permits and enjoy refreshing plunges in Johnson's swim. The members of the club are, most of them, quite well known in Lima. Those who were at the swim this week were: Prof. P. I. Tussing, Prof. W. W. Newcomer and wife and son, Mrs. S. P. Axline and daughter, Rev. J. H. Miller, S. B. Wagner and wife and son, Mrs. McDonald, Charles Wilson, Clyde Sidner, M. Thompson, Mrs. Alto Longenecker and Henry Meier.

J. U. Heiniger's Bargain Store has too much fine wall paper. Do you want some? A big cut on all good papers in stock now. Southeast corner square.

LIMA CHAPTER NO. 49, R. A. M.

Stated convocation tomorrow (Friday) evening. Work on R. A. degree. W. J. SHEPHERD, H. P. WALLACE LANDIS, Sec'y.

Start the month right and give Ingledue your order.

NOTICE.

Humane Society will meet this evening at 8 o'clock in the board of education rooms. By order of PRESIDENT.

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Dr. Humphreys'

Specifies cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

Dr. Humphreys' National Kidney Pills	Price
1-Fevers, Rheumatism, Inflammation	.25
2-Weakness, Nervous Prostration, Worn Condition	.25
3-Headache, Colic, Cramps, Watery Stools	.25
4-Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
5-Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
6-Neuralgia, Toothache, Parotitis	.25
7-Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
8-Dyspepsia, indigestion, Weak Stomach	.25
9-Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
10-Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
11-Cramps, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
12-Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Protrusion	.25
13-Hemorrhoids, Stricture, Piles	.25
14-Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
15-Catarrh, Inflamed, Cold in the Head	.25
16-Whooping Cough	.25
17-Kidney Disease	.25
18-Nervous Debility	.25
19-Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.25
20-Gravel, Hay Fever	.25

Dr. Humphreys' National Kidney Pills at your Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price, 25c per box. Sold by Wm. M. Melville, 115-117, New York.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS

To Colorado and Utah.

From June 18th to September 10th the Chicago & Erie R. R. will sell cheap excursion tickets to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo and Glenwood Springs, Colo., Oregon and Salt Lake City, Utah. Hot Springs and Deadwood, S. D., St. Paul Minneapolis and Duluth, Minn. Tickets will be good returning until October 31st. For information see agents or write 115-117 F. C. McCOT, Ogdt.

Krause's Headache Capsules

were the first headache capsules put on the market. Their immediate success resulted in a host of imitations, containing antipyrine, chloral, morphine and other injurious drugs, purporting to be "just as good." Avoid these imitations and insist on your having Krause's, which speedily cure them and leave no after effects. Price 25c. Sold by Wm. M. Melville.

SEASHORE EXCURSIONS.

Atlantic City, Cape May, Ocean City, Sea Island City, Etc., Via Ohio Central Lines.

Agents of the Ohio Central lines will sell seashore excursion tickets, on August 8th and 15th, with return limit of 11 days. For full particulars, rates, routes, etc., call on agents of Ohio Central lines. d&w-t

Science has found that rheumatism is cured by uric acid in the blood. This poison should be excreted by the kidneys. Foley's Kidney Cure always makes them well.

H. F. Vorkamp, cor Main and North streets.

C. H. & D. EXCURSIONS.

Watch This Summary.

Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo. Low rates by rail or by boat.

Tourist rates to all northern and eastern tourist points.

Cincinnati, Sunday, August 4th, rate \$1.50.

The New Train-Toledo special, leaves Lima every Sunday at 6:15 a. m., making boat connections. Leaving Toledo at 9:15 p. m., returning.

For full information and literature, apply at ticket office.

F. A. BURKHARDT,

Ticket Agent.

Jangling Nerves.

Are you irritable? Do you sleep badly? Is it hard to concentrate your thoughts? Is your appetite poor? Do you feel tired, restless and disponded? Try Light's Celery Nerve Compound. It will do you more good than anything you have ever tried. Sold by Wm. M. Melville.

SPECIAL SUMMER EXCURSIONS

To Colorado, Utah, South Dakota and Minnesota.

Commencing June 15th, and every day following until Sept. 10th inclusive, agents of the Ohio Central Lines will sell special low rate summer excursion tickets to points in Colorado, Utah, South Dakota and Minnesota. Tickets good returning until October 31st, 1901.

Ask agents of Ohio Central lines for rates and full particulars. d&w-t

The Same Old Story.

J. A. Kelly, relates an experience similar to that which happened in almost every neighborhood in the United States and has been told and re-told by thousands of others. He says: "Last summer I had an attack of dysentery and purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used according to directions and with entirely satisfactory results. The trouble was controlled much quicker than former attacks when I used other remedies." Mr. Kelly is a well known citizen of Henderson, N. C. For sale by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

Sight Quickly Restored.

"Love, they say, is blind," she remarked casually. "True," he replied, "but my eyes are a first-class oculist." Chicago Post.

COST OF SCHLEY INQUIRY

Small Fortune Will Be Spent by Navy Department.

CLOUD OF WITNESSES ON HAND

Officers to Be Summoned From All Over the World to Appear at the Hearing—Ten From Asiatic Station. Court Will Be Held in Richly Appointed Room.

Now that an official investigation of the Sampson-Schley controversy has been ordered no expense will be spared, as it is the purpose of the secretary of the navy to get every possible fact having any bearing on the Santiago campaign over which disputes have arisen before the court of inquiry, says a special dispatch from Washington to the New York World. Every officer whose testimony will be of the slightest value will be summoned to Washington, whether on duty on the Asiatic station or in Europe.

The meetings of the court are to be held in the most richly appointed apartment of the navy department, the floors of which are covered with expensive carpets, the walls elaborately decorated and hung with valuable paintings of former secretaries and which is furnished with mahogany tables, settees and big easy chairs upholstered in leather.

The naval regulations provide that officers of the navy traveling under orders in the United States shall be allowed \$ cents per mile while so engaged in lieu of their actual expenses. Officers traveling to the United States from a foreign station will receive subsistence pay at the rate of from 50 cents to \$1 per day if traveling on a naval vessel or on an army transport, but as very few of the officers summoned from foreign countries can travel on government vessels actual traveling expenses will be allowed for the sea voyage and 5 cents per mile for such part of the journey as is made by rail. A naval officer coming from the Philippines to San Francisco on a merchant vessel would receive about \$300 for the sea voyage, \$250 for the journey from San Francisco to Washington and the same returning to his post.

Officers ordered to appear as witnesses before a court of inquiry or to serve as members of a court receive no extra compensation. Retired officers ordered to duty on a court of inquiry will receive full active pay for the time employed. Rear Admirals Kimberly and Benham, both retired, will receive pay, therefore, at the rate of \$13,755 instead of \$3,075 a year. All officers whose presence will be required in Washington, except those on duty here, will receive commutation of quarters while here at the rate of \$12 a room per month and are allowed a number of rooms, according to rank.

The principal witnesses to be called before the Schley court of inquiry and their present stations are as follows:

Captain Cook of the Brooklyn, at Annapolis; Captain Clark of the Oregon, League Island; Captain Chadwick of Admiral Sampson's flagship, the New York, Newport; Rear Admiral Evans of the Iowa, Washington, at present on a yachting trip; Rear Admiral Hignison of the Massachusetts, now in command of the north Atlantic station; Lieutenant Commander Wainwright, commander of the Gloucester, now superintendent of the Naval Academy at Annapolis; Lieutenant Sharp of the Vixen, on duty on the training ship Hartford, somewhere off the coast of Sweden; Admiral Sampson, Boston; Lieutenant Stanton, Sampson's flag lieutenant, now in command of Yankton, in Porto Rican waters; Lieutenant Commander Sears, Schley's flag lieutenant, hydrographic office, New York; Lieutenant Wells, Schley's secretary, on the Keats; Lieutenant Marsh, Sampson's secretary, on the Mayflower; Lieutenant Hodgson, navigator of the Brooklyn, Newport; Lieutenant Commander Seaton Schroeder, executive officer of the Massachusetts, naval governor of Guam; Executive Officer Harbor of the Texas, naval attaché at Paris or St. Petersburg.

How many of the subordinate officers will be summoned is yet to be determined. It is probable that when the list of witnesses is completed as many as ten will be called from the Asiatic station, and if no warship or government transport is available in time they will be directed to come on merchant vessels from Hongkong. Should ten officers come on merchant vessels from the far east that alone would entail an item of \$5,000.

In addition to the expense of bringing witnesses, there are the running expenses of the court. Stenographers and a clerical force are required, while the item of stationery will not be inconsiderable. The inquiry will doubtless last a month, if not two months.

Although Admiral Schley has a right to challenge any member of the court for cause, it is believed by his friends the personnel of the court will be highly satisfactory to him. It is agreed in Washington that it is about the best that could be assembled.

The secretary said recently that all witnesses on foreign stations whose testimony might be required would of course be ordered to Washington. Department officials see no reason why officers of Cervera's squadron cannot be properly invited to appear before the court to give testimony, but doubt is expressed at Washington if any of Cervera's officers would care to respond to a request for their presence.

Admiral Schley, it is expected, will soon communicate with the department as to his wishes relative to the summoning of witnesses who may be on faraway stations.

AFRICA'S APELIKE MAN.

Details of Sir Harry Johnston's Discovery in Uganda.

Sir Harry Johnston, who is home on leave from Uganda, is likely to add largely to our knowledge of that country as a result of the two years he has just completed there in the capacity of his majesty's special commissioner, says the London Telegraph. He brings with him photographs and measurements of the apelike race of men that Mr. Grogan and Mr. Siamy first encountered on the verge of the Kongo forest.

"I hope," said Sir Harry Johnston, "that the public interested in these matters will not form any exaggerated ideas on the subject until the material which I have gathered has been properly examined by anthropologists and my own impression as to the somewhat similar character of these natives is confirmed. The apelike people to whom I refer seem to constitute the underlying stratum of the population of the eastern outskirts of the great Kongo forest from the vicinity of Lake Albert down to the neighborhood of Lake Tanganyika, the western slopes of Mount Ruwenzori and also, strange to say, on the west slope of Mount Elgon, the extinct volcano which lies about 150 miles east of the Victoria Nile. The general characteristics of these apelike people, who sometimes constitute a tribe of pariahs by themselves, and sometimes crop up as a type in the middle of other tribes, are a dirty yellow skin, a poor development of the back of the head, eyes rather close together, with prominent eyebrows, low and much wrinkled foreheads. The hair is woolly like that of the ordinary negro, though it sometimes tends to be brownish in color. The arms are long and the thumbs weak. The legs are a little knuckled and are often very short in proportion to the body. In one instance in which I took a photograph the toes are turned rather inward.

"Their stature, as a rule, is not much, if any, below the average height of humanity. I can only say that in general appearance they do look, as I have described them, very apelike, but too much stress should not be laid on my general impression in this respect until the measurements which I have made of their heads and bodies are discussed by a competent authority on anthropometry.

"I have a kind of impression that this apelike type of negro represents something like the original stock—the earliest form of negro man that entered the African continent from Asia."

"THE LESSON."

Kipling Tells How British Learned Army System Was Wrong.

The London Times publishes a poem by Rudyard Kipling entitled "The Lesson," embodying the idea that Great Britain has learned from the war that her military system is all wrong and has had, in the words of one line, "All her most holy illusions knocked higher than Gulleroy's kite." Following are some of the stanzas, says the New York Sun:

It was our fault and our very great fault, and not the judgment of heaven:
We made an army in our image on an island nine by seven,
Which faithfully mirrored its maker's ideals,
Equipment and mental attitude,
And so we got our lesson, and we ought to accept it with gratitude.
We have spent some hundred million pounds to prove the fact once more
That horses are quicker than men afoot, since two and two make four,
And horses have four legs, and men have two legs,
And two into four goes twice,
And nothing over, except our losses, and very cheap at the price.
It was our fault and our very great fault, and not the judgment of heaven:
We have just turned it to use,
We have (very million reasons for) leisure, but not a single excuse.
So the more we work and the less we talk the better results we shall get:
We have had an imperial lesson; it will make us an empire yet.

COLLEGIANS WEAK IN SPINE

Scollions and Defective Eyesight Common Additions.

College undergraduates are an imperfect set of men physically, according to a startling statement by Dr. Jay W. Seaver, director of the Yale gymnasium, says a special dispatch from New Haven to the New York Evening Journal.

In a record of the examination of over 20,000 students during 17 years Dr. Seaver says the most general defect among those entering colleges is spinal curvature, or scolliosis. This disease affects 18 per cent of those who apply themselves closely to their studies. Among the athletes something less than 2 per cent are afflicted with any degree of scolliosis. Dr. Seaver argues that gymnastic training prevents or cures the curvature.

Only 43 per cent of the freshmen examined by Dr. Seaver were found to have sound vision. He says that 18 per cent enter college wearing glasses.

Slaughtered by Mosquitoes.

Thomas Welsh, an oil operator in the Beaumont fields was at Austin, Tex., the other day, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. He says that he was at Sabine, a few miles south of Beaumont, recently and was driven from the place by a plague of mosquitoes. The mosquitoes came from adjacent salt marshes in great clouds, which darkened the light of the sun. The insects settled down on Sabine, and the workmen who were employed in the construction of the oil pipe line of the Love Star and Crescent company were forced to flee for their lives. All work was suspended and the people took refuge under mosquito bars, where they remained all day. Many head of cattle, horses and other animals were killed by the insects. Mr. Welsh says that the mosquitoes were so thick that it was almost impossible to breathe in open air. It is the worst plague of mosquitoes ever experienced on the Texas coast.

THE 25c. FAMILY DOCTOR.

CHAD SPRINGS, MICH.—Mrs. Isaac Dunham, a well-known lady of that place, writes: "I cannot praise Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills too much. They did for me what doctors and other medicines could not do. I was troubled with severe disorders of the kidneys and enlargement of the liver. My family doctor treated me the whole of last winter, but did not help me very much, so I gave him up and began using Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. The result was simply wonderful. I am now strong and healthy again, thanks to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills."

DR. A. W. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

SOLD IN LIMA BY WILLIAM MELVILLE.

BEST LIKED WHEN BEST KNOWN, WHAT?

The D. & C., The Coast Line to Mackinac.

Spend your outing on the Great Lakes, visiting Picturesque Mackinac, the hub of the inland seas, where cool breezes blow and black bass bite. Send 2c. for illustrated pamphlet. Address

A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Wm. M. Melville will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for howl complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant safe and reliable. July-14m

RACES AT COLUMBUS.

Excursion rates to Columbus via the Ohio Central lines July 31st, August 1 and 2, from all points within 100 miles, account grand circuit races. Tickets good returning until August 3. d&w-t

The Best Liniment for Strains. Mr. F. H. Wells, the merchant at Deer Park, Long Island, N. Y., says: "I always recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm as the best liniment for strains. I used it last winter for a severe lameness in the side, resulting from a strain, and was greatly pleased with the quick relief and cure it effected." For sale by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

SHENANDOAH, PA.—Sylvester Pappert of No. 117 South Main St., says: "For twenty years past I have been troubled with constipation and kidney trouble and during that time I have taken dozens of packages of different remedies but none of them did me any good. The secretions were irregular and unnatural. I got some of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and since using them the action of the kidneys is normal and regular and their general cathartic effect is good."

Genuine bear portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase. 25c. at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

SOLD IN LIMA BY WILLIAM MELVILLE.

AVOID THE HEAT AND DUST

When You Go East by Traveling via D. & C., the Coast Line.

The new steel passenger steamers, leave St. Ignace, Mackinac, Choboygan and Alpena four times per week for Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, New York, Cincinnati, and all points East, South and Southeast.

A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

Dr. Geo. Dwinn, a practicing physician of Smith's Grove, Ky., for over thirty years, writes his personal experience with Foley's Kidney Cure. "For years I have been greatly bothered with kidney trouble and enlarged prostate gland. I used everything known to the profession without relief until I was induced to use Foley's Kidney Cure. After using three bottles I was entirely relieved and cured. I prescribe it now daily in my practice and heartily recommend its use to all physicians for such troubles. For I can honestly state I have prescribed it in hundreds of cases with perfect success."

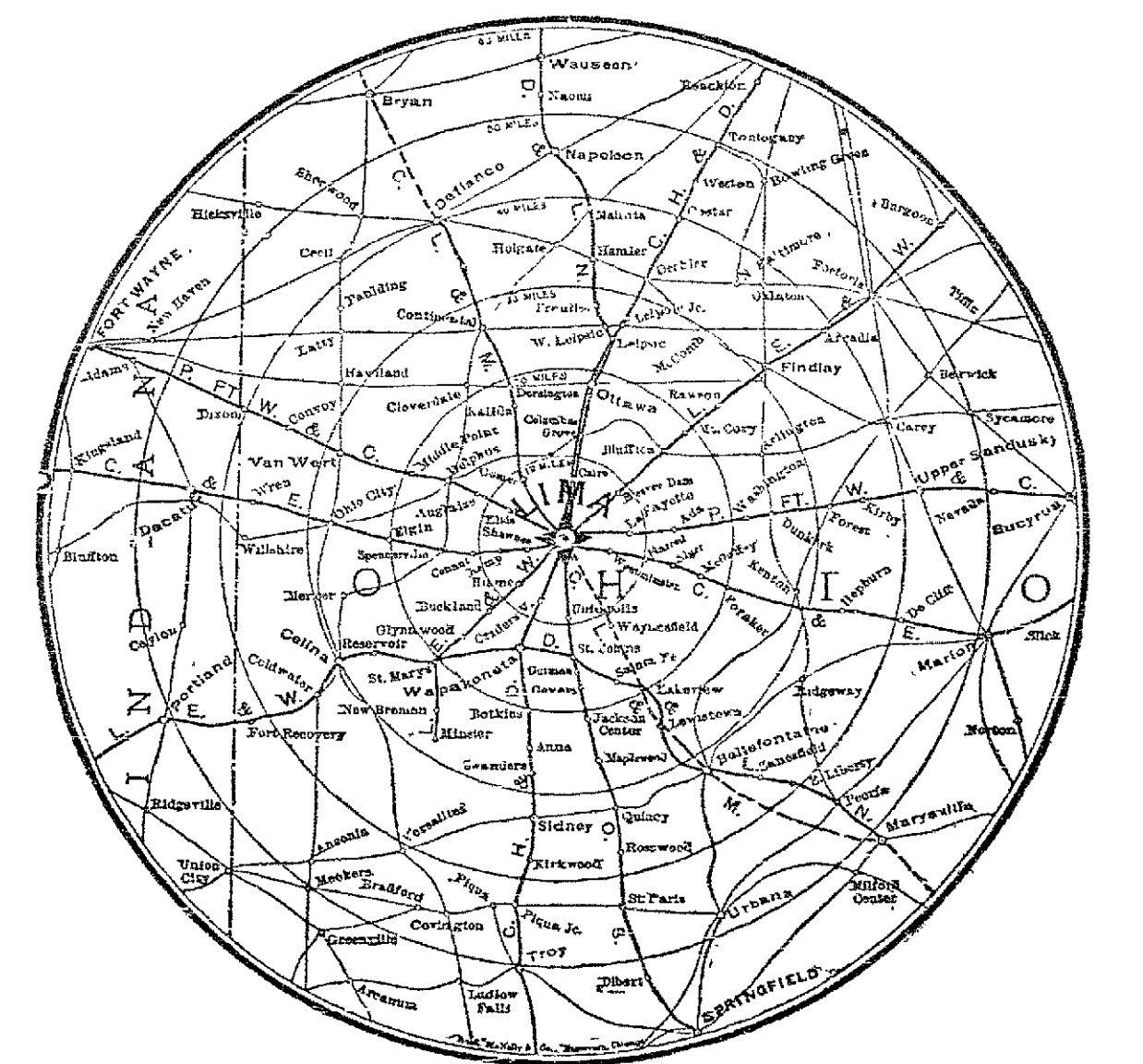
H. F. Vorkamp, cor Main and North streets.

\$15.00, \$12.40, \$10.30, \$6.55.

These are the fares to Buffalo and return for the Pan-American Exposition via Chicago and Erie railroad. Stopovers allowed at Chautauque Lake. F. C. McCOT, Agent.

Map Showing Railroads and all Stations Within a Radius of Sixty Miles of

LIMA, - OHIO.



WHY LIMA IS A GOOD CITY FOR WHOLESALE BUSINESS.

It is located in Northwestern Ohio, with direct railroad connection with every county in the state, and with every part of the United States.

Twenty (20) local freight trains arrive and leave Lima every day except Sunday, Lima being a division point on all lines.

Forty-six (46) passenger trains in and out of Lima every day.

Seventy-five to one hundred through freight trains pass through Lima every day.

The following Express Companies handle business out of Lima to all points at one rate:

Adams Express Company, American Express Company, National Express Company, Pacific Express Company, Southern Express Company, United States Express Company, Wells-Fargo Express Company.

WHY LIMA IS A GOOD CITY FOR MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.

It has two direct lines to the Jackson County Coal Fields, and one line to the Hocking Coal Fields. COAL IS CHEAP.

It is a direct shipping point to any part of the United States.

It has abundance of natural gas.

It has manufactured gas at low cost.

It has a good electric light and power plant.

It has cheap crude and fuel oil.

It has water facilities to meet all needs.

It has the best fire department in the state.

IT HAS SEVEN RAILROADS.

Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad, Columbus, Lima & Milwaukee Railway, Detroit and Southern Railway, Erie Railway, Lake Erie and Western Railroad, Ohio Southern Railroad, Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway.

PLAN YOUR SUMMER OUTING NOW.

Improved Service to Michigan Summer Resorts.

The floating palaces of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Company are more beautiful than ever this season and have many added conveniences. The parlors and staterooms are newly furnished, and traveling is made delightful over this popular route. Their service has been improved and now make good connections with all railroads at each of their ports. Send 2c stamp for illustrated pamphlet. Address

A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

Summer complaint is unusually prevalent among children this season. A well developed case in the writer's family was cured last week by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy—one of the best patent medicines manufactured and which is always kept on hand at the home of every family. This is not intended as a free puff for the company, who do not advertise with us, but to benefit little sufferers who may not be within easy access of a physician. No family should be without a bottle of this medicine in the house, especially in summer-time—Lansing, Iowa, Journal. For sale by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

LOW RATES FOR HOMESEEKERS AND SETTLERS.

Via Ohio Central Lines. Low rate round trip homeseekers' excursion tickets are on sale at all important ticket offices of the Ohio Central lines. Also one-way settlers' tickets at a reduction from the regular one-way rate.

These tickets are on sale the first and third Tuesday of each month and agents of the Ohio Central lines will be pleased to furnish full particulars. cost & w. h. t. p. 11

WHAT TWO CENTS WILL DO.

It will bring relief to sufferers from asthma or consumption, even in the worst cases. This is about what one dose of Foley's Money and Tar costs. Isn't it worth a trial?

H. F. Vorkamp, cor Main and North streets.

A woman in East Charlie, Wis., has sued a sympathetic medium for \$7,000 damages because he allowed a materialized spirit to kiss her.

WO RACKS O TEXAS

Effective March 10th, 1901, the



Announces the Opening of its

Red River Division

Denison and Sherman,

Texas.

Through Train Service will shortly be established from St. Louis and Kansas City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

Ohio Central Lines

LOOK AT THE MAP!

It will guide you in your travels between the Great Lakes and the South and Southeast. THE OHIO CENTRAL LINES is the connecting link.

TOLEDO, OHIO

ST. LOUIS, MO.

KANSAS CITY, MO.

ST. CINCINNATI, OHIO

DAYTON, OHIO

CHICAGO, ILL.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

COLUMBUS, OHIO

TOLEDO, OHIO

ST. CINCINNATI, OHIO

DAYTON, OHIO

CHICAGO, ILL.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

COLUMBUS, OHIO

TOLEDO, OHIO

ST. CINCINNATI, OHIO

DAYTON, OHIO

CHICAGO, ILL.

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ST. CINCINNATI, OHIO

DAYTON, OHIO

CHICAGO, ILL.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

COLUMBUS, OHIO

TOLEDO, OHIO

ST. CINCINNATI, OHIO

LIGHT

Breaks Through the Clouds

And Reward

Of Persistent Work is Almost Assured.

Committees Have Brought Right Influence to Bear in Selling Lots.

Machine Company's Proposition Looked Dark for Awhile, But the People are Finally Waking Up.

The bustling done by the determined business men of Lima during the past three days has been productive of splendid results, and today the four hundred mark is almost in reach. Just a little more of the same kind of effort and just a little more encouragement on the part of the citizens and the committee can rest on their oars with congratulations and praise well earned. It may take some little time before what this handful of gentlemen have done for Lima may be fully realized, but Rome wasn't built in a day although it became in time to be capital of the world.

What the Lima Machine Works has been in the city in the past is only half what is absolutely guaranteed it will be within the next year or two, and this fact alone should have been sufficient to remove the blinds from the eyes of not a few who had to be coaxed into lending a hand. Persistence has been the watchword however and yesterday was the banner day, the committee reporting the sale of many lots, and kept up the work again this morning by disposing of twenty more. There is a report made each evening, and if the present average is maintained the necessary 500 lots will have been disposed of by the end of the week. The field of operations is growing smaller and consequently the work is harder, but there is plenty of timber left if it will yield to the cutting. So far the committees have reported the following subscribers:

W. T. Agster, 4; John Ashton, 1; C. N. Aldrich, 1; Jos. Askins, 1; Albrecht Bros., 1; R. W. Argue, 1; J. L. Andrews, 1; Max Bernstein, 5; G. E. Blum, 3; W. K. Boone, 1; S. A. Bower, 2; S. A. Baxter and Sons, 2; R. L. Bates, 1; F. M. Bell, 1; David Brilla, 1; U. S. Beam, 1; W. P. Bloom, 1; B. C. Bowsher, 1; Jos. Bowsher, 1; W. H. Bennett, 1; F. J. Banta, 1; A. C. Baxter, 1; C. C. Bauer, 1; C. J. Bratherton, 1; L. C. Binkley, 1; C. M. Beaumont, 1; John M. Burns, 1; E. G. Christen, 1; J. P. Carnes, 1; H. M. Colvin, 2; H. Cohn, 1; H. V. Chase, 1; J. B. Conrath, 1; H. D. Campbell, 1; W. A. Campbell, 1; John Crumrine, 1; Hugh Cameron, 1; Cable & Parmenter, 1; C. M. Chown, 1; Walter M. Cooney, 1; Harold Cunningham, 1; Clutter & Long, 1; Geo. Conrath, 1; J. A. Carr, 1; C. D. Critch, 1; O. C. Coleman, 1; Walton E. Clark, 1; S. C. Coleman, 1; V. Cardosi, 1; Jos. M. Cassidy, 1; Mr. Chas Collins, 1; C. H. Cory, 1; Miss Mae Coe, 1; Abraham Crider, 1; J. E. DeVoe, 1; E. A. Deas, 1; C. F. Douze, 1; E. J. DuGray, 1; W. S. Dobbins, 1; C. W. Dawson, 1; R. E. Davis, 1; T. W. Dobbins, 1; W. H. Dulen, 1; H. G. Dillon, 1; Sarah Davis, 1; Dios & Tibbal, 1; R. C. Eastman, 1; F. X. Ebaer, 1; C. D. Smith, 1; W. S. East & Co., 1; J. J. Ewing, 1; C. H. Folsom, 2; Geo. Feltz, 1; Fidelity Coal & S. Co., 1; L. A. Feltz, 1; Adolph Fox, 1; J. N. Fletcher, 1; S. M. Finch, 1; J. W. Griffin, 1; E. E. Golden, 1; C. A. Graham, 1; F. S. Gilbert, 1; Wm. Grebbling, 1; E. M. Galien, 1; W. H. Glover, 1; W. H. Grady, 1; H. J. Green, 1; W. P. Gerhart, 1; Kate Gehring, 1; J. O. Hoyer, 1; W. E. Hoyer, 1; P. E. Harman, 2; P. W. Holmes, 2; Dr. C. Henderson, 1; J. W. Halfhill, 1; Dr. S. B. Hiner, 1; Wm. Hohl, 1; Roy Hume, 1; E. W. Hiner, 1; Holland & Moulton, 1; C. W. Heister, 1; Levi Hetrick, 1; Ida M. Hoover, 1; H. A. Hawisher, 1; G. H. Hammon, 1; T. R. Hamilton, 1; Geo. B. Holland, 1; Chas. S. Hicks, 1; Miner Harrod, 1; John Hoffman, 1; L. W. Hiner, 1; Lew Hunter, 1; D. S. Irwin, 1; A. Jones, 1; D. E. Jones, 1; J. D. Jones, 1; T. B. Jones, 1; J. A. Jacobs, 1; S. A. Keller, 1; C. G. Kemmer, 1; H. Kibby, 1; S. F. Krauss, 1; Dr. Knize, 1; L. H. Kibby, 1; Lowenstein & Wertheimer, 1; E. E. Linn, 1; Lima News, 1; C. S. Lathrop, 1; Lyle & Coiner, 1; A. G. Lutz, 1; M. Long, 1; H. C. Lindermann, 1; T. T. Mitchell, 2; W. L. McKendle, 1; E. B. Mitchell, 2; E. T. Mitchell, 1; C. N. Miller, 1; Wm. Melville, 1; Michael Clothing &

TWO

More of Lima's Daughters

Yield to Love

And Cupid Smiles on Their Nuptials.

Miss Metta Heffner Becomes the Charming Bride of Thomas Stradley

And Another Pretty Wedding Witnessed the Marriage of Miss Harriet Coldron to Mr. Josiah Nichols.

This morning at ten o'clock the cozy home of Mr. and Mrs. William David Heffner, of 134 west Wayne street, was comfortably filled with near and dear relatives and friends, who assembled to witness the plighting of troth of the eldest daughter of the household, Miss Metta Heffner to Mr. Thomas Eddy M. Stradley. The young couple were in the parlors and gave each guest a cordial welcome and just before the appointed hour took their places before the officiating clergyman, Rev. J. H. Deere, who read the solemn marriage ritual of the Baptist church. During the ceremony, Miss Bonnie Bourquin played Schubert's Melody in F, and then the bride's sister sang Guy D'Harclois, "All for You" very effectively. The bride wore a most becoming gown of white organdie, the flared skirt having numerous rows of dainty puffs; on the waist the puffs again appeared as a finish to the lace yoke and as part of the sleeves. The bride's bouquet was composed of bride's roses and asters, as were the pretty decorations of the parlors and dining tables, when after the congratulations had been said, the company sat down to a four course breakfast of summer dainties, refreshing traps being dispensed after the breakfast.

The bride is a well known young woman with many amiable traits, making her a popular teacher in our public schools. The groom is a man of sterling worth and is a trusted superintendent of a force of men at the Solar Refinery. At two o'clock the bride and groom and other friends were driven to No. 412 east High street to attend nuptials of their mutual friends, Miss Coldron and Mr. Nichols. The guests from out of town were the groom's mother, Mrs. Stradley, of Rochester, Ind., his sister, Mrs. Hallemann, of Argus, Ind., Mr. and Mrs. Loomis, of Cleveland, Miss McDowell, of Troy, and Mr. Bloxam, of New York.

Nichols-Coldron. At two o'clock about seventy-five guests were witnesses to a pretty, quiet home wedding at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton D. Coldron, the bride being their only daughter, Harriet Lavinia, and the man of her choice, Mr. Josiah Nichols. The sweet strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, played by Miss Gertrude Moore, announced the bride and groom, who entered the rear parlor and took their stations in the archway beneath a canopy of flowers, when Rev. J. H. Deere uttered the binding words, uniting their lives for future happiness. The bride wore a dainty toilette of snowy white French batiste made with lace yoke and tucked waist and sleeves, trimmed with white satin ribbon, the flounced skirt was trimmed with three tiny ruffles, edged with white satin ribbon. The fragrant bouquet was entirely of white roses. During the waiting moments before the ceremony, Miss Elsie Heffner sang, "I wait for Thee," by Hawley. Mrs. Ira Longworth, playing her accompaniment. Showers of good wishes and congratulations were followed by a dainty luncheon of several courses and then both newly-wed couples left on the 4:20 train over the C. H. & D., for a lake trip to Mackinac and Indian river, where they will spend their honeymoon returning to our city September first. Mr. Nichols has a house handsomely furnished at 230 south West street, where they will be at home to their many friends. Mr. and Mrs. Stradley will occupy a suit of rooms in the same house. The from out of town guests were, Mr. and Mrs. Bradley and Mr. and Mrs. John Gray, of Piqua, Miss Scarlet, of Fort Wayne, Miss McDougall, of Troy.

The groom is to be congratulated in having won a most excellent helpmate. The groom has been in our city for several years and is manager of one of the departments at the Solar. Both couples were remembered by

many lovely presents, and also by showers of rice and good wishes when they took their departure, and will receive a hearty welcome upon their return in September.

Monday evening, Miss Gladys Downing, of west Spring street, entertained a merry party of young people in compliment to her guest, Miss Butcher, of Wapakoneta.

JUSTLY

Entitled to all She Asks For

If the Allegations She Makes are Proven.

Once More a Wife Makes the Discovery That in Some Instances Marriage Proves a Failure.

Lizzie R. Hickernell, after having twice separated from her husband, because of alleged abuse and neglect, has now begun an action for a divorce which, if granted, will rid her of him entirely. The case in some respects tallies with the majority of such actions, but there is one feature which the court will take notice of not often found even in the most aggravated cases.

The marriage to Marshall C. Hickernell occurred in Spencer township at the home of the wife's parents, March 24th, 1897, and one child, Mable, now three years of age, is the issue of the union. It was but shortly after, says the petition that the defendant commenced to be cruel in his actions and words, calling his wife lewd names and charging her with being untrue. Finally, on the 23rd of January, 1929, he is said to have assaulted his wife, beating her with his fists and painfully injuring her.

Unable to longer stand his abuse the wife went to her parents, but returned after the defendant had solemnly promised to be good to her. In this he failed and although being able bodied, he failed to contribute to her support and spent his money for drink until he has now become habitually used to it. He repeated his charges of unchastity, but although she had been faithful and true, she declares in the petition that her husband was not, and her own physical condition is proof of his infamy with other women.

In conclusion, Mrs. Hickernell says the defendant is not a fit person to have the care of their daughter, and she asks for custody of the child, reasonable alimony and a restraining order to prevent the defendant of disposing of a considerable amount of chattel property, including horses, wagons, etc. The restraining order was granted. Ridenour & Halfhill represent the plaintiff.

BENEFIT

Picnic Will be Given Sunday, August 25.

Outing Will be Held at Camp Thomas for the Benefit of John Sullivan Who was Hurt.

A number of the local machinists and boiler-makers have started a very commendable effort to raise a fund for the benefit of John, more popularly known as "Corky" Sullivan, the Lima man who was recently so seriously injured by being crushed beneath the wheels of a freight train on the L. E. & W. railroad at Montpelier, Ind., his injuries being of such nature that it was necessary for the physicians in a hospital at Ft. Wayne, Ind., to amputate both of his legs, one above the knee and the other below the knee. The injured young man is still a patient in the Ft. Wayne hospital but will be brought to the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Sullivan, at 1096 north Jefferson street, this city, as soon as he is in condition to be moved, and his friends here are arranging to give a picnic at Camp Thomas, O'Brien's woods, north-west of the city, on Sunday, August 25. Five hundred tickets have been printed and will be sold at 50 cents each, the tickets entitling the purchasers to participate in the various amusements and share the food and other refreshments that will be provided at the picnic grounds by the committee in charge. The net proceeds of the event will be donated to the unfortunate young man and it goes without the statement that the boy and his worthy parents will fully and gratefully appreciate the kindness of the young men who are giving the project their assistance. The cause is a worthy one and it is hoped that the committee will find it necessary to provide an extra supply of tickets before the date of the picnic shall have arrived.

AGAIN

This week you can buy \$3.50 and \$4.00 Shoes for

\$2.95.

Our entire stock of Men's \$3.50 and \$4 Russia Calf and Tan Vici Kid Shoes will go this week at

\$2.95

GOODING'S,

230 North Main Street.

LIMA MEN

Give Expression to Their Opinions

Which are Published in Cincinnati Papers.

W. B. Richie Returns from His Western Trip—Judge Lowry Utters Self Evident Truths.

The Cincinnati Enquirer of this morning contains the following paragraphs concerning Lima men:

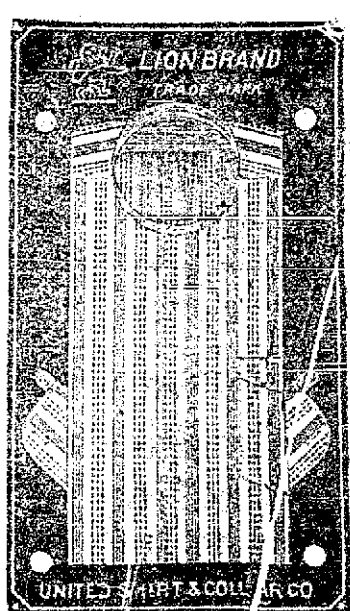
Hon. Walter B. Richie, of Lima, O., was at the Grand yesterday en route home from Washington, D. C., having secured from the Government a concession to construct 150 miles of railroad from Ft. Gibson, in the Indian Territory, through the rich lands now being allotted to Guthrie, Ok. T. The company is composed chiefly of Ohio men. Judge C. N. Russell, of Ottawa, is in on the deal, and Mr. Richie is counsel and stockholder.

Asked about the political lay of the land in Allen county, Mr. Richie said: "As to Democratic disaffection there is absolutely none. On the other hand, the state ticket was well distributed and made up of men strong in their respective sections, and the platform is perfectly acceptable to our people. There was no disposition upon the part of the Democratic State Convention to snub free silver or Mr. Bryan, but a desire to frame a platform on state issues, and fight it out on that line. We fought silver battles long before Mr. Bryan was heard of in Ohio, but saw no need of injecting it into this campaign, and he need not take it to heart. His over-zealous friends made a mistake in putting him into our state family affairs. The middle in the State Committee over minor positions does not disturb our Democrats. We are out to win, and I believe we will. Allen will do her duty."

Judge J. E. Lowry, of Lima, Ohio, former chairman of the Republican State Committee, was at the Grand yesterday on a visit to the Union Central Life Insurance home office, with which he is connected. The Judge unwittingly got off a good one on himself yesterday. He was introduced to a gentleman in the lobby, who asked:

"Judge, are you a Democrat or a Republican?" "Unfortunately, I am a Republican," replied the Judge, and then catching himself he gasped: "Oh! I don't mean that! I am a Republican deep dyed in the wool, without variation or shadow of turning, and proud of it."

"You needn't retreat, Judge," roared the Democrats present. "The truth will escape from a repentant Republican occasionally."



SHIRT WAISTS FOR MEN.

Exclusive Patterns. Special Make.

They are not the ordinary kind that you find everywhere, but very handsome, up-to-date, and the prices as low as others ask for the ordinary kind.

Negligee Shirts Plaited and Plain.

Better styles and better values than you find anywhere else in Lima.

Underwear, Hosiery, Hats, Serge Suits, Flannel Suits.

Not "how cheap" but "how good" is our motto, and at that our prices are as low as others ask for inferior goods. Your money refunded if you want it.

ALBRECHT BROS.,
The AMERICAN CLOTHIERS.
"Meet Me at the Lima House Corner."

ing at the Grand Hotel yesterday and made arrangements for putting in their initial plant at Tampa. Their independent lines will be extended throughout the state. Messrs. Brown and Hoskins said Anguize will give the Democratic state ticket 2,900 majority.

FUNERAL SERVICES.
The services attending the funeral of Daniel Guyallman will occur tomorrow afternoon at his home on Main Lane, at four o'clock.
If day could be night and night could be day, if smiles could be tears and tears could be smiles, something might do you as much good as Rock Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.
Johnston's Swim Street cars run there every ten minutes.
The Bavarian royal family owns 3,430,000 acres, over one-fifth of the kingdom. It is richer, comparatively, than any crown in the world.
If you want good Fish see Ingledad.